Robustel GoRugged R3000

Dual SIM Industrial Cellular VPN Router

For GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA/LTE Networks

User Guide

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About This Document

This document describes hardware and software of Robustel R3000, Dual SIM Industrial 2G/3G/4G Router.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router are used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using GSM products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 26.6 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the router in vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of GSM in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the route while in control of a vehicle.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting your router

- To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the follow:
- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperatures, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2002/95/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 January 2003 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	RoH5 compliant
2002/96/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste electrical and equipment (WEEE)	electronic
2003/108/EC	Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 December 2003 amending directive 2002/96/ec on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	

Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" (2006-06). According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits described in the Hardware Interface Description. Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 3: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

Name of the part	Hazardous	substances				
Name of the part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal Parts	0	0	0	0	0	О
Circuit Modules	х	0	0	0	0	0
Cables and Cable Assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and Polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

x:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

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Revision History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Release Date	Firmware Version	Doc Version	Details
2013-01-24	1.00	1.00	First Release.
2013-03-15	1.01	1.01	Update firmware; Add configuration examples.
2013-05-09	1.01	1.02	Update firmware; Add configuration examples.
2013-05-21	1.01	1.03	Modify application diagrams and some characters

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Chapter 1. Product Concept

1.1 Overview

Robustel GoRugged R3000 is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

- Dual SIM redundancy for continuous cellular connection, supports 2G/3G/4G.
- Antenna diversity for improved fringe performance optional.
- Two Ethernet ports, can be configured as two LANs or one LAN one WAN (supports wireless WAN and wired WAN backup).
- One RS232, one RS485, one console port, two digital inputs, two digital outputs, one high speed USB host up to 480 Mbps.
- Six LED indicators provide status and signal strength (RSSI).
- Wide range input voltages from 9 to 60 VDC and wide range operating temperature: -25 to 65 °C.
- The metal enclosure can be mounted on a DIN-rail or on the wall, also with extra ground screw.
- Network protocols such as PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs.
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP client/server, GRE.
- Management via Web, CLI, SNMP.
- Supports Modbus/RTU to Modbus/TCP gateway.
- Auto reboot during a preset time of a day.
- Firmware upgrade via web interface.

1.2 Packing List

Check your package to make certain it contains the following items:

Robustel GoRugged R3000 router x 1



• 3-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for power connector x 1



• 7-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for serial port, I/O and console port x 1



CD with user guide x 1

Note: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional accessories (can be purchased separately):

SMA antenna (Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna optional) x 1
 Stubby antenna Magnet antenna



Ethernet cable x 1



Wall Mounting Kit



• 35mm Din-Rail mounting kit



• AC/DC Power Supply Adapter (12VDC, 1.5A) x 1 (EU, US, UK, AU plug optional)



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

- Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA/FDD LTE
- GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz
- HSUPA: 900/2100 or 850/1900 MHz optional, DL/UL 7.2/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
- HSPA+: 850/900/1900/2100 or 900/2100 or 850/1900 MHz optional, DL/UL 14.4/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
- EVDO: 450 or 800/1900 MHz, Rev A/B
- FDD LTE: 800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz or 700 MHz (B17 or B13) optional, DL/UL 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 3G/2G
- SIM: 2 x (3V & 1.8V)
- Antenna Interface: SMA Female, 50 ohms impedance

Ethernet Interface

■ Number of Ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 LANs or 1 LAN 1 WAN

■ Magnet Isolation Protection: 1.5KV

Serial Interface

Number of Ports: 1 x RS-232, 1 x RS-485

■ ESD Protection: 15KV

Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1

Baud Rate: 2000bps to 115200bps
 Flow Control: RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF
 RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
 RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B), GND

Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

Digital Input

■ Type: 2 x DI, Dry Contact

■ Dry Contact: On: short to GND, Off: open

■ Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Digital Filtering Time Interval: Software selectable

■ Over-voltage Protection: 36 VDC

■ Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

Digital Output

■ Type: 2 x DO, Sink

Over-voltage Protection: 40 VDC
 Over-current Protection: 0.5 A
 Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

System

■ LED Indicators: 6 indicators, RUN, PPP, USR, RSSI, NET, SIM

■ Built-in RTC, Watchdog, Timer

Expansion: 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 MbpsStorage: 1 x MicroSD, can expand up to 32G

Software

Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP v1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS, ARP, SSH, SNTP, Telnet

■ LinkGo: PPP LCP Echo/Reply, ICMP to keep always online

VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP, GRE
 Firewall: SPI, anti-DoS, Filter, Access Control

Management: Web, CLI, Telnet, SNMP v1/v2/v3

Serial Port: TCP client/server, UDP, Virtual COM

Power Supply and Consumption

Power Supply Interface: 5mm terminal block with lock

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■ Input Voltage: 9 to 60 VDC

■ Power Consumption: Idle: 100 mA @ 12 V

Data Link: 500 to 1000 mA (peak) @ 12 V

Physical Characteristics

Housing & Weight: Metal, 500g

■ Dimension: (L x W x H): 125 x 108 x 45 mm

■ Installation: 35mm Din-Rail or wall mounting or desktop

Environmental Limits

■ Operating Temperature & Humidity: -25 to 65°C, 5 to 95% RH

Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C

Regulatory and Type Approvals

Approval & Detective: CE, FCC, PTCRB, A-Tick, RoHS, WEEE

■ EMC: EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 4, EN 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 4 EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 4, EN 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3 EN 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 3, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-12

1.4 Selection and Ordering Data

Please refer to corresponding R3000 datasheet.

Chapter 2. Installation

2.1 LED Indicators



Name	Color	Function
		Indicating the system status.
RUN	Green	Blinking: Router is ready.
KUN	Green	On: Router is starting.
		Off: Router is power off.
		Indicating the PPP connection status.
PPP	Green	On: PPP connection is established.
		Off: PPP connection is failed.
		Indicating the VPN status.
USR	Green	On: VPN tunnel is established.
		Off: No VPN tunnel.
	Green	Signal level: 21-31 (Perfect signal level)
RSSI	Yellow	Signal level: 11-20 (Normal signal level)
	Red	Signal level: 1-10 (Bad signal level)
	Green	Working under 4G network.
NET	Yellow	Working under 3G network.
	Red	Working under 2G network.
	Green	2 SIM cards are inserted.
SIM	Yellow	Only SIM 2 is inserted.
	Red	Only SIM 1 is inserted.

2.2 Mounting the Router

Use 2 pcs of M3 screw to mount the router on the wall.



Or to mount the router on a DIN rail, you need three pcs of M3 screws.



2.3 Install the SIM Card and Micro SD Card



■ Inserting SIM Card or Micro SD Card

- 1. Make sure power supply is disconnected.
- 2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw on the cover, and then remove the cover, you could find the SIM Card slots and the Micro SD slot.
- 3. Insert the SIM card or Micro SD card, and you need press the card with your fingers until you hear "a cracking sound". Then use a screwdriver to screw the cover.

Removing SIM Card or Micro SD Card

- 1. Make sure your charger is disconnected, and then press and hold down the power key until the *router* is powered off.
- 2. Press the card until you hear "a cracking sound", when the card will pop up to be pulled out.

Note:

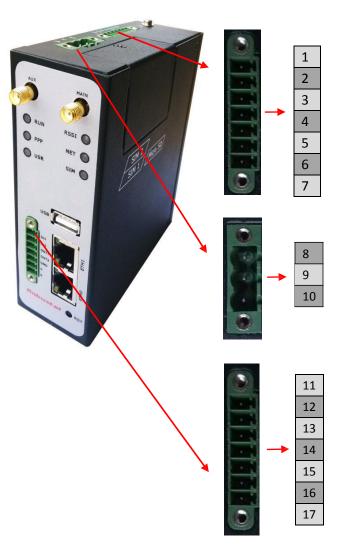
- 1. Don't forget screw the cover for again-theft.
- 2. Don't touch the metal surface of the SIM card in case information in the card is lost or destroyed.
- 3. Don't bend or scratch your SIM card. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 4. Make sure to disconnect the power source from your router before inserting and removing your SIM card or Micro SD card..

2.4 Connect the External Antenna (SMA Type)

Connect this to an external antenna with SMA male connector. Make sure the antenna is for the correct frequency as your GSM/3G/4G operator with impedance of 50ohm, and also connector is secured tightly.



2.5 PIN assignment for Router



PIN	Debug	RS232	Power	Digital I/O	RS485
1	RXD				
2	TXD				
3	GND	GND			
4		TXD			
5		RXD			
6		RTS			
7		CTS			
8			Positive		
9			Negative		
10			GND		
11				Input 1	
12				Input 2	
13				Output 1	
14				Output 2	
15				GND	
16					Data+(A)
17					Data- (B)

Note: The power supply range is 12 to 70VDC. Please take care about the polarity, and do not make reverse connection.

2.6 Grounding the Router



Grounding and wire routing help limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground

connection from the ground screw to the grounding surface prior to connecting devices.

Note: This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

2.7 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Push the button for 5 seconds under working status.
Restore to factory	Push the button for 60 seconds once you power on the router until all the three LEDs at the
default setting	left side (RUN, PPP, USR) blink at the same time for 5 times.

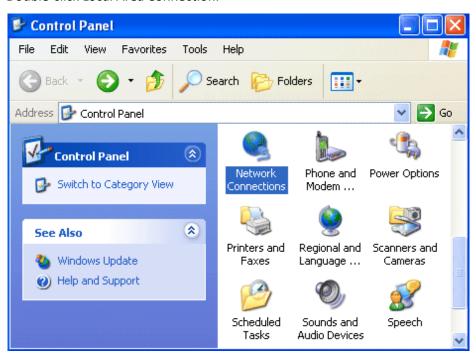
Chapter 3. Configuration settings over web browser

The router can be configured through your web browser. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. The product provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration.

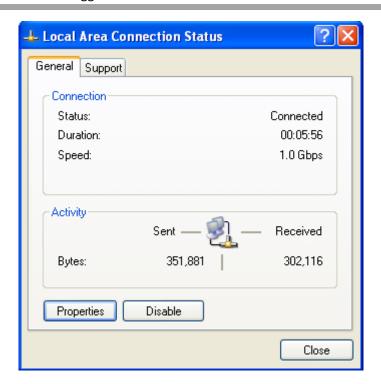
There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. The best and easiest way is to configure the PC to get an IP address automatically from the router using DHCP. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as these tend to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configuring PC in Windows

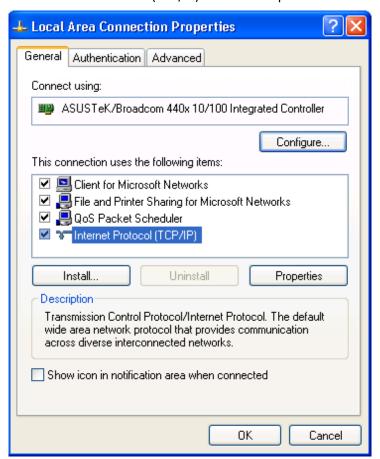
- 1. Go to Start / Control Panel (in Classic View). In the Control Panel, double-click Network Connections.
- 2. Double-click Local Area Connection.



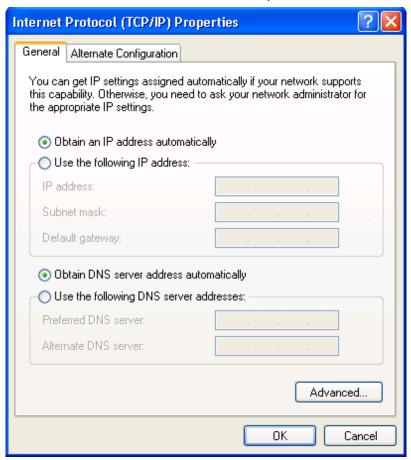
3. In the Local Area Connection Status window, click Properties.



4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.



5. Select the Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.



6. Click OK to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
Eth0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled.

3.3 Control Panel

This section allows users to save configuration, reboot router, logout and select language.

	Control Panel	
Item	Description	Button
Save	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash.	• Save
Reboot	After save the current configuration, router needs to be rebooted to make the modification taking effect.	• Reboot
Logout	Click to return to the login page.	• Logout
Language	Select from Chinese, English, German, French, Spanish.	• English 🕶
Help	Click to get some help from our website.	• Help
Refresh	Click to refresh the status.	Refresh
Apply	Click to apply the modification on every configuration page.	Apply
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on every configuration page.	Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

1. Modify in one page;

2. Click Apply under this page;

3. Modify in another page;

4. Click Apply under this page;

5. Complete all modification;

6. Click Save ;

7. Click Reboot

3.4 Status -> System

This section displays the router's system status, which shows you a number of helpful information such as the LEDs information, Router information, Current WAN Link and Cellular Information.

LEDs Information

For the detail description, please refer to 2.2 LED Indicators.

Ds Infor	mation			
RUN:	GREEN/BLINK	RSSI:	RED/ON	
PPP:	GREEN/ON	NET:	RED/ON	
USR:	OFF	SIM:	RED/ON	

Router Information

Item	Description
Device Model	Show the model name of this device
Serial Number	Show the serial number of this device
Device Name	Show the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed.
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version
Radio Module Type	Show the current radio module type
Radio Firmware Version	Show the current radio firmware version
Uptime	Show how long the router have been working since power on
CPU Load	Show the current CPU load
RAM Total/Free	Show the total capacity /Free capacity of RAM
System Time	Show the current system time

Router Information

Device Model: R3000
Serial Number: robustel sn

Device Name: Cellular Router
Firmware Version: 1.01.00

Hardware Version: 1.01.00
Kernel Version: 2.6.39-3
Radio Module Type: EM770W

Radio Firmware Version: 11.126.10.87.809
Uptime: 0 days 06:37:42

CPU Load: 00.00%

RAM Total/Free: 123.11MB/72.60MB(58.97%)

System Time: 2013-03-13 14:56:16

Current WAN Link			
Item	Description		
Current WAN Link	Show the current WAN link: Cellular or Eth		
IP Address	Show the current WAN IP address		
Gateway	Show the current gateway		
Netmask	Show the current Netmask		
DNS Server	Show the current primary DNS server and Secondary server		
Keeping PING IP Address	Show the current ICMP detection server which you can set in "Configuration->Link		
Reeping Pind iP Address	Management".		
Kanning DINIC Internal	Show the ICMP Detection Interval (s) which you can set in "Configuration->Link		
Keeping PING Interval	Management".		

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Current WAN Link

Current WAN Link:

Cellular

IP Address: 10.138.108.79
Gateway: 192.168.254.254
NetMask: 255.255.255

DNS Server: 210.21.4.130 221.5.88.88

Keepalive PING IP Address:

Keepalive PING Interval: 30

Cellular Information			
Item	Description		
Current SIM	Show the SIM card which the router work with currently: SIM1 or SIM2		
Phone No.	Show the phone number of the current SIM.		
SMS Service Center	Show the SMS Service Center.		
Modem Status	Show the status of modem, such as "ready", "unknown". This tab allow user to		
Wodem Status	check whether router has dialed up to network (modem function).		
	Show the current network status. There are 5 different status:		
	1. Not registered, ME is currently not searching for new operator!		
	2. Registered to home network.		
Network Status	3. Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator.		
	4. Registration denied.		
	5. Registered, roaming.		
	6. Unknown.		
Signal Level (RSSI)	Show the current signal level.		
Nativali Oparatas	Show Mobile Country Code (MCC) +Mobile Network Code (MNC), e.g. 46001.		
Network Operator	Also it will show the Location Area Code (LAC) and Cell ID.		
Network Service Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.		
IMEI/ESN	Show the IMEI/ESN number of the radio module.		
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.		
USB Status	Show the current status of USB host.		

Cellular Information

Current SIM:

Phone No.:

SMS Service Center: SIM

Modem Status: Unknown

Network Status: Not registered, ME is currently not seraching for new operator

Signal Level (RSSI): all (0,-113DB)

Network Operator: (LAC: / Cell ID:)

Network Service Type: Unknown

IMEI/ESN: 357789044494414

IMSI: SIM failure USB Status: Ready

3.5 Status -> Network

This section displays the router's Network status, which include status of Cellular WAN, LANO and LAN1.

EthO WAN

Connection Mode: Static IP

IP Address: 172.16.2.113

Mac Address: 00:ff:74:46:dc:e1

MTU: 1500
Gateway: 0.0.0.0
NetMask: 255.255.0.0
Primary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server: 0.0.0.0

LAN1

IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Mac Address: 00:ff:74:46:dc:e2

MTU: 1500

NetMask: 255,255,255.0

Note: ETHO WAN information will not be shown if you select "Cellular Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

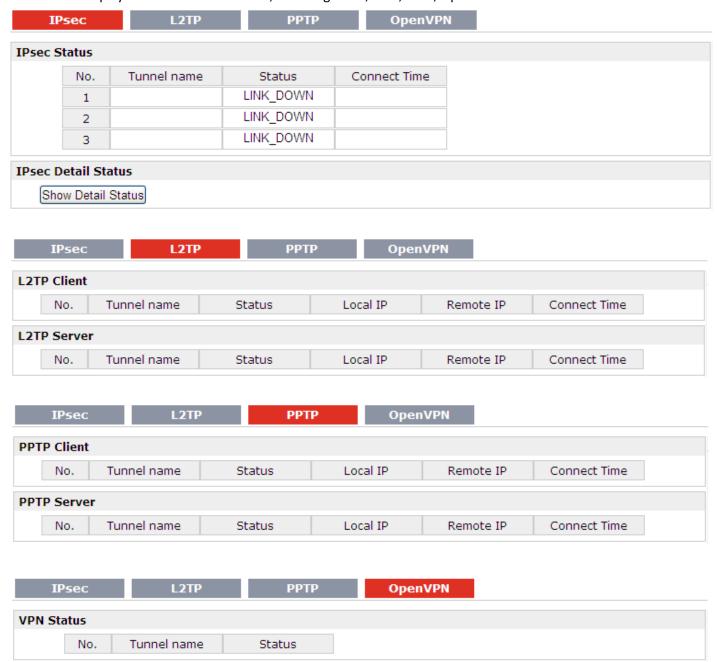
3.6 Status -> Route

This section displays the router's route table.

oute Table					
	Destination	NetMask	Gateway	Interface	Metric
	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	eth0	0
	192.168.1.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	eth1	0

3.7 Status -> VPN

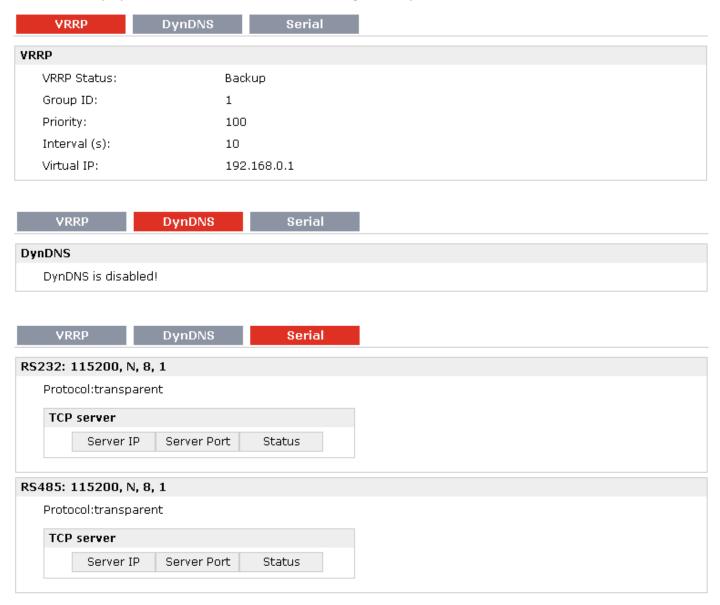
This section displays the router's VPN status, including IPSec, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN and GRE.





3.8 Status -> Services

This section displays the router's Services' status, including VRRP, DynDNS, and Serial.



3.9 Status -> Event/Log

This section displays the router's event/log information. You need to enable router to output the log and select the log level first, then you can view the log information here. Also you can click tab Download System Diagnosing Data to download diagnose data.

Event/Log				
Item	Description			
Download	ownload Select the log messages you want to download.			
Log Level	Select the Log level in the drop-down menu: DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, WARNING, ERR,			
	CRIT, ALERT, EMERG.			



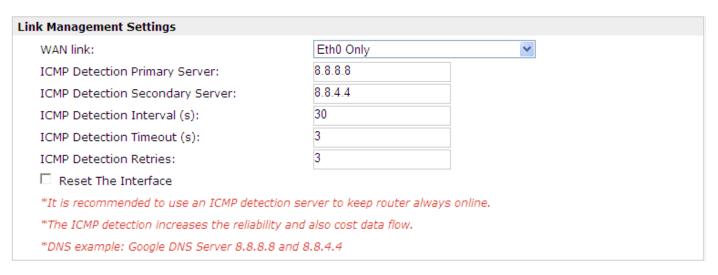
3.10 Configuration -> Link Management

This section allows users to set the WAN link and the related parameters.

This section allows users to set the WAIN link and the related parameters.			
Link Management			
Item	Description		
	Selected from "Cellular Only", "Eth0 Only", "Eth0 as primary and if fail use		
	cellular" and "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0".		
	1. Cellular Only: Select to make cellular as the only WAN link.		
WAN Link	2. Eth0 Only: Select to make Eth0 as the only WAN link	Cellular	
WAN LINK	3. Eth0 as primary and if fail use cellular: Select to make Eth0 as the primary	Only	
	WAN link and cellular as the secondary WAN link.		
	4. Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0: Select to make cellular as the		
	primary WAN link and Eth0 as the secondary WAN link.		
ICMP Detection Primary	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the		
Server	current connectivity is active.		
ICMP Detection	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the		
Secondary Server	current connectivity is active.	Null	

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ICMP Detection Interval	Set the ping interval time.	Null	
ICMP Detection Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	30	
10140 0	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously for Max	3	
ICMP Detection Retries	Retries time, it will consider that the connection has been lost.		
Reset The Interface	Enable to reset the cellular/ETH0 interface after the max ICMP detection	2	
	retries.	3	



3.11 Configuration -> Cellular WAN

This section allows users to set the Cellular WAN and the related parameters.

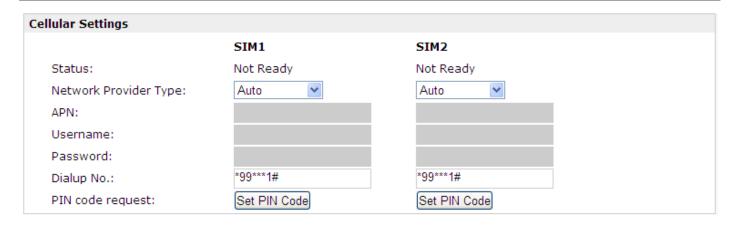
Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".

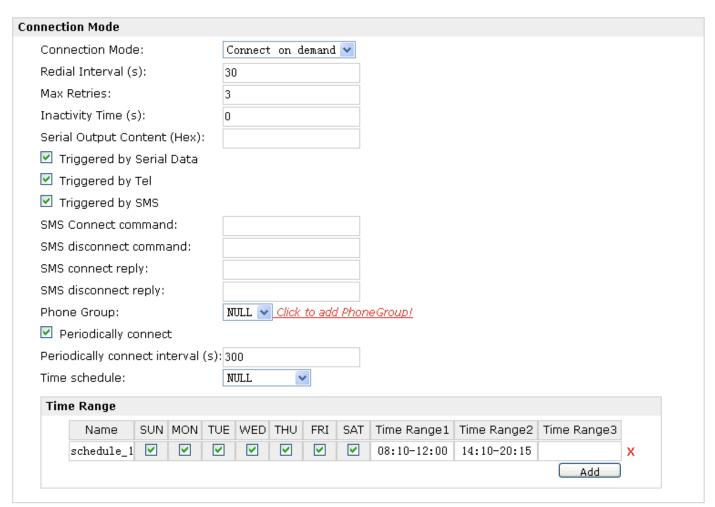
Basic @Cellular WAN			
Cellular Settings			
Item	Description	Default	
Network Provider Type	Select from "Auto", "Custom" or the ISP name you preset in "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"ISP Profile". Auto: Router will get the ISP information from SIM card, and set the APN, username and password automatically. This option only works when the SIM card is from well known ISP. Custom: Users need to set the APN, username and password manually.		
APN	Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.		
Username	User Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.		
Password	Password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.		
Dialup No.	Dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP. *99***		

	After click this button, you could input your SIM's PIN and store the current	
	PIN in its memory, and then enter the PIN automatically each time the	
	system boots up.	
PIN code request	Note : Please ask your local GSM ISP to see whether your SIM card requiring	Null
	PIN or not.	
	If you want to change the SIM PIN, please click the button to enable it, and	
	then input the new PIN.	
	Connection Mode	
	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect On Demand".	
	Always Online: Router will automatically to establish a GPRS/3G connection	
	after power on and each restarts, this will remain and will be re-established	
	after an interruption.	Connect
Connection Mode	Connect On Demand: After selection this option, user could configure	On
	Triggered by Serial Data, Triggered by Periodically Connect and Triggered by	Demand
	Time Schedule.	
	Note : If you select several connect on demand polices, router only have to	
	meet one of them to be triggered.	
2 11 11 1	Router will automatically re-connect with this interval when it fails	
Redial Interval	communicating to peer via TCP or UDP	30
	The maximum retries times for automatically re-connect when router fails	
	to dial up.	
	After maximum retries, router will reboot the wireless module. If router still	
Max Retries	cannot dial up successfully, it will try to switch to the other SIM card. Then	3
	router will re-connect with the other SIM card with maximum retries.	
	When connecting successful, the Max Retries counter will be set to 0.	
	You can configure this field after setting router under "Connect On	
	Demand" mode.	
Inactivity Time	This field specifies the idle time setting for GPRS/3G auto-disconnection and	0
,	trying to revert back to preferred SIM card.	
	0 means timeless.	
	The content which output to the serial device which connect to router and	
Serial Output Content	inform it that router is ready to receive serial data.	Null
	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	
Triggered by Serial Data	from idle mode when there is data come out from serial port.	Enable
	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	
Triggered by Tel	from idle mode when make a voice call to router.	Disable
	Tick this check box to allow router automatic connects to cellular network	
Triggered by SMS	from idle mode when send a specific SMS to router.	Disable
	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to connect to cellular	
SMS Connect Command	network.	Null
SMS Disconnect	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to disconnect to cellular	
Command	network.	Null
	When router connect to cellular network, it will automatically send out this	
SMS Connect Reply	SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).	Null
	Jana to specific users (set in the r none droup).	

SMS Disconnect Reply	When router disconnect from cellular network, it will automatically send out this SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).		
Phone Group	Click to add Phone Group to Set specific users' phone Book and which phone Group they are belonged to.	Null	
Periodically Connect	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular		
Periodically Connect Interval	Periodically Connect Interval for Periodically Connect.	300	
Time Schedule	Select the Time Range to allow router automatically connects to cellular network during this time range.	NULL	
Time Range	Adding the Time Range for Time Schedule. You can set the days of one week and at most three ranges of time of one day.	Null	
	Dual SIM Policy		
Main SIM Card	Set the preferred SIM card from SIM 1, SIM 2 or Auto.	SIM1	
Switch to backup SIM card when connection fails	witch to backup SIM Router will switch to another SIM card if main SIM card fail to connect to network.		
Switch to backup SIM card when ICMP Detection fails	Router will switch to another SIM card it it cannot dialup or ping the preset 1		
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected			
Preferred PLMN	The identifier for Router to check if it is in home location area or in roaming area, and decide if it needs to switch back to preferred SIM card.		
Switch to backup SIM card when data limit is exceeded	rd when data limit is traffic limitation you preset, it will switch to the other SIM card.		
Max Data limitation(MB)	Max Data limitation(MB) Set the monthly data traffic limitation.		
Date of Month to Clean			
Already used	This tab will show how many data traffic has been used.		
Switch back Main SIM card after timeout(min)	witch back Main SIM Enable to Switch back Main SIM card after the Initial timeout		
Initial Timeout(min)	Set the initial timeout.	60	

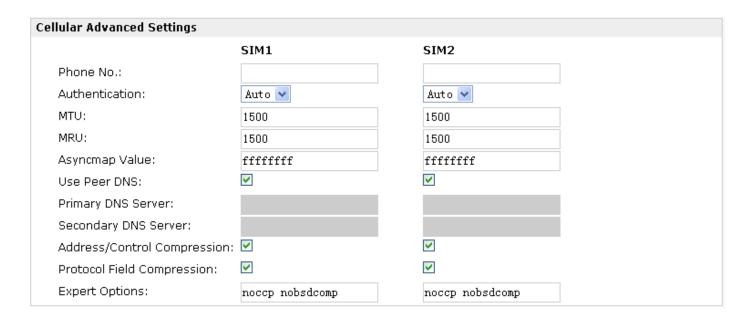
Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "EthO Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".





Dual SIM Policy			
Main SIM Card:	SIM1 💌		
Switch to backup SIM card	when connection fails		
Switch to backup SIM card	when ICMP Detection fails		
Switch to backup SIM card	when roaming is detected		
Preferred PLMN:			
Switch to backup SIM card	when data limit is exceeded		
Max Data Limitation (MB):	100	100	
Date of Month to clean:	1	1	
Already used (KB):	0	0	
	Clear	Clear	
Switch back Main SIM card after timeout			
Initial Timeout (min):	60		

Advanced @Cellular WAN		
Item	Description	
Phone No.	Set the SIM card's phone number, and it will be showe "Status"->"System"->"System"->"Cellular WAN Information"-"SIM Pone No. Number". In general, you don't need to set this number because router will recommended.	
	from the SIM card automatically.	
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP" and "CHAP" as the local ISP required	Auto
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	GSM900
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	Auto
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	1
Use Peer DNS	Enable to obtain the DNS server's address from the ISP.	
Primary DNS Server	Set the primary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	
Secondary DNS Server	Set the secondary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you enable "Use Peer DNS".	
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	



ISP Profile

This section allow users to preset some ISP profiles which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".

Cellular WAN @ Basic			
Item	Description	Default	
ISP	Input the ISP's name which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".	Null	
APN, Username, Password, Dialup No.	All these parameters were provided by the ISP.	Null	



3.12 Configuration -> Ethernet

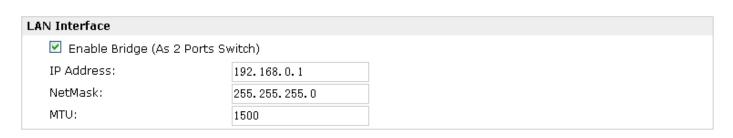
This section allows users to set the Ethernet WAN and LAN parameters.

Eth0@Ethernet			
Item	Description	Default	
Ethernet Interface Type	Eth0 can work under two different kinds of mode: LAN and WAN.		
Enable Bridge @ LAN	AN Enable to make Eth0 works under bridge mode with Eth1. Eth0 and		
Interface	Eth1 will have the same IP address under this mode.	Enable	
IP Address, Netmask,	Set the IP address, Netmask and MTU of Eth0/Eth1. These parameters	l Null	
MTU @ LAN Interface	will be un-configurable if you enable Bridge.		
Multiple IP Address @	le IP Address @ Assign multiple IP addresses for Eth0/Eth1. Null		

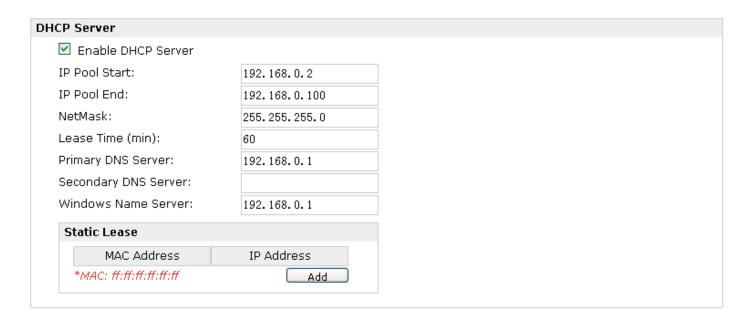
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LAN Interface		
Enable DHCP Server @	Enable to make router can lease IP address to DHCP clients which	Enable
DHCP Server	connect to Eth0/Eth1.	Enable
IP Pool Start, IP Pool End	Define the beginning (IP Pool Start) and end (IP Pool End) of the pool of IP addresses which will lease to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2/
·		192.168.0.10
@ DHCP Server		0
Netmask @ DHCP Server	Define the Netmask which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	255.255.255.
Netiliask @ DHCP Server	server.	0
Lease Time @ DHCP	Define the time which the client can use the IP address which obtained	60
Server(min)	from DHCP server.	00
Primary/Secondary	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will	192.168.0.1/
DNS Server @ DHCP	obtain from DHCP server.	•
Server	obtain from DHCP server.	0.0.0.0
Windows Name Server @	Define the WINS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	192.168.0.1
DHCP Server	server.	192.106.0.1
Static Lease @ DHCP	Define to lease static IP Addresses, which conform to MAC Address of	Null
Server	the connected equipment.	INUII

Ethernet Interface Typ	e	
● LAN	O WAN	







3.13 Configuration -> Serial

This section allows users to set the serial parameters.

RS232 @ Serial		
Item	Description	Default
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200"and "230400".	115200
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" and "Hardware".	None
Protocol	 Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus" and "AT Over COM". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus: Router will transfer the serial data into Modbus TCP protocol. AT Over COM: select to operate router via RS232 COM port. For example, enter AT commands to router via RS232 COM port. 	None
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port @Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	None
show Protocol Advanced @	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable

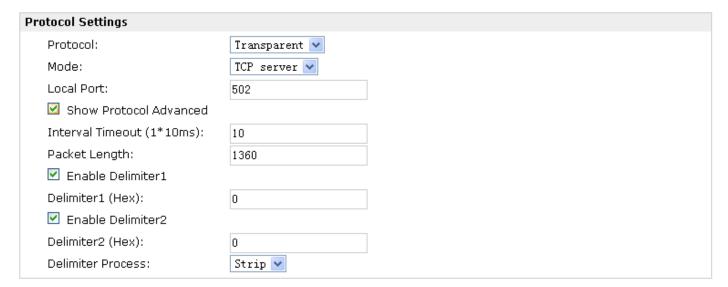
Transparent		
Interval Timeout @Transparent	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	10
Packet Length @Transparent	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	1360
Enable Delimiter1/2	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	Disable
Delimiter1/2 (Hex) @Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
Delimiter Process @Transparent	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a delimiter is received. None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received; the data also includes the delimiter characters. Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being transmitted.	Strip
Local Port @Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
Attached serial device type @Modbus	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol.	Modbu s RTU slave
Modbus Slave @Modbus	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus ASC II master" in "Attached serial device type".	Null
Slave Address	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	Null
Slave Port	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Display all com @ AT	Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally,	Disable

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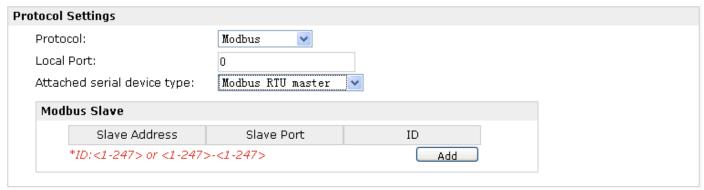
Over COM	router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to GPRS. Note: Enable this function will disable Cellular WAN function.	
COM Name	Show the virtual com name of the module inside.	/dev/tt vUSB1



When Select Transparent Protocol:



When Select Modbus Protocol:



When Select AT Over COM Protocol:

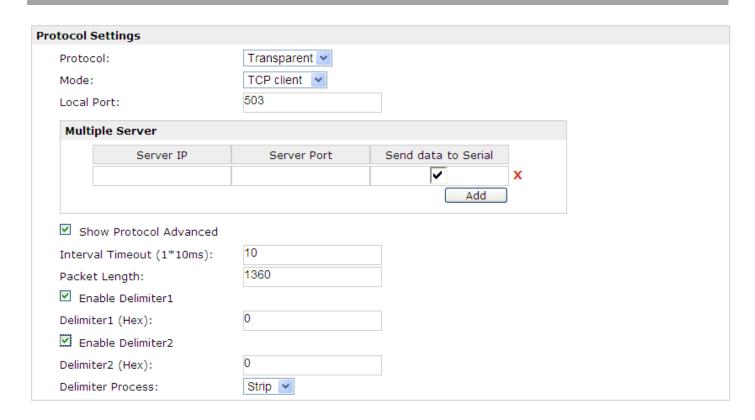
Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	AT Over COM 🕶
Display all com (Note enable	e this function will disable cellular WAN.)
COM Name:	/dev/ttyS1 ✓

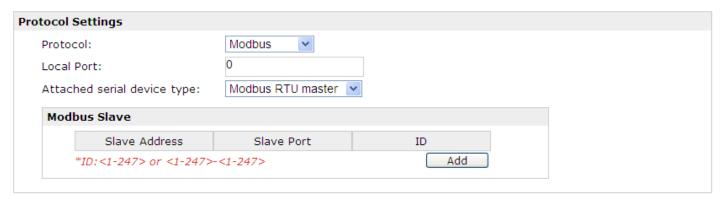
RS485 @ Serial		
Item	Description	Default
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400",	115200
Dada Tate	"57600" , "115200"and "230400".	113200
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1
Protocol	Select from "None", "Transparent" and "Modbus". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus: Router will transmit the serial data with Modbus protocol.	Transparen t
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port @Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	Null
Enable Protocol @Transparen t	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable
Interval Timeout @Transparent	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	10
Packet Length @Transparent	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	1360

Enable Delimiter	1	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer	Disable

		1
	and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific	
	character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character	
	may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters	
	act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	
Delimiter1 (Hex) @	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
Transparent	Efficie the definite in nex.	U
	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a	
	delimiter is received.	
Delimiter Process @	None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received;	Ctuin
Transparent	the data also includes the delimiter characters.	Strip
	Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being	
	transmitted.	
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU	
	master" and "Modbus ASC II master".	
	Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
Attached serial device	Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under	
type @Modbus	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
	Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under	
	Modbus RTU protocol.	
	Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works under	Null
	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
A4 II 21 -	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This	
Modbus Slave @	section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus	Null
Modbus	ASC II master" in "Attached serial device type".	
	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which	
Slave Address	as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	Null
Slave Port	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null

Serial Port Settings	
Baudrate:	115200 💌
Data bit:	8
Parity:	None 💌
Stop bit:	1





3.14 Configuration -> USB

This section allows users to set the USB parameters.

USB		
Item	Description	Default
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the configuration file of R3000 when	Disable
of configuration	insert the USB storage devices which has R3000's configuration file.	Disable
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the firmware of R3000 when insert the	Disable
of firmware	USB storage devices which has R3000's firmware.	Disable

Note: Users can insert an USB storage device, such as U disk and hard disk, into the router's USB interface, if there is configuration file or firmware of R3000 inside the USB storage devices, R3000 will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. We will provide another file to show how to do USB automatic update.

U	JSB Configuration
	Enable automatic update of configuration
	☑ Enable automatic update of firmware

3.15 Configuration -> NAT/DMZ

This section allows users to set the NAT/DMZ parameters.

Port Forwarding @ NAT/DMZ		
Item	Description	Defaul
item	Description	t
Port Forwarding	Manually defining a rule in the router to send all data received on some range	Null
Port Forwarding	of ports on the internet side to a port and IP address on the LAN side.	
Remote IP	Set the remote IP address.	Null
Arrives At Port	The port of the internet side which you want to forward to LAN side.	Null
Is Forwarded to IP	The device's ID on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to	Null
Address	The device's IP on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	INUII
Is Forwarded to Port	The device's port on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP&UDP" which depends on the application.	ТСР



DMZ @ NAT/DMZ		
Item	Description	Default
DMZ	DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise forwarded.	Null
Enable DMZ	Select to enable the DMZ function.	Enable
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host which on the internal network.	0.0.0.0
Source Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	0.0.0.0



3.16 Configuration -> Firewall

This section allows users to set the firewall parameters.

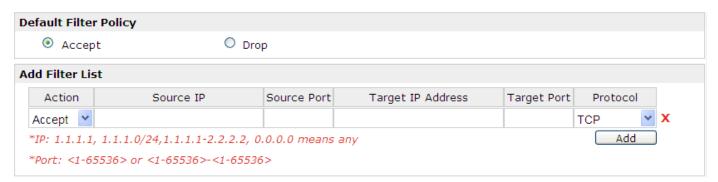
Filter Basic Settings @ Firewall			
Item	Description	Default	
Remote Access Using HTTP	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via HTTP.	Enable	
Remote Access Using TELNET	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via Telnet.	Enable	
Remote Access Using SNMP	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via SNMP.	Enable	
Remote Ping Request	Enable to make router reply the Ping requests from the internet side.	Enable	
Defend Dos Attack	Enable to defend dos attack. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	Enable	

Filter Basic Settings		
✓ Remote Access Using HTTP		
✓ Remote Access Using TELNET		
✓ Remote Access Using SNMP		
✓ Remote Ping Request		
✓ Defend DoS Attack		

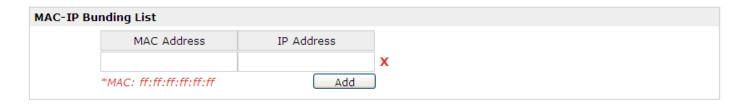
Filtering @ Firewall		
Item	Description	Default
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".	
	Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit	
Default Filter Policy	the filter list.	Accept
	Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit	
	the filter list.	
Add Filter List	Click "Add" to add a filter list.	Null
	Select from "Accept" and "Drop".	
	Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit	
Action	this filter rule.	Accept
	Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit	
	this filter rule.	
Source IP	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	Null
Source ir	by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	INUII
Source Port	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of port which is defined by	Null
Source Port	Source Port.	INUII
Target IP Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined	Null
	by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	INUII
Target Port	Defines if access is allowed tone or a range of port which is defined by Target	Null

	Port.	
	Select from "TCP", "UDP", "TCP&UDP", "ICMP" or "ALL".	
Protocol	If you don't know what kinds of protocol of your application, we recommend you	TCP
	select "ALL".	

Note: You can use "-" to define a range of IP addresses or ports, e.g. 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 10000-12000.



Mac-IP Bounding @ Firewall			
Item	Description	Default	
Mac-IP Bounding	The defined host (MAC) on the LAN side only can use the defined IP address to communicate with router, or will be rejected.	Null	
Mac Address	Enter the defined host's Mac Address.	Null	
IP Address	Enter the defined host's IP Address.	Null	



3.17 Configuration -> IP Routing

This section allows users to set the IP routing parameters.

Static Route @ IP Routing			
Item	Description	Default	
Static Route Table	Allow users to add, delete or modify static route rules manually.	Null	
Interface	Select from "WAN", "LAN_0" or "LAN_1".	WAN	
Destination	Enter the destination host's IP address or destination network.	Null	
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of the destination or destination network.	Null	
Gateway	Enter the gateway's IP address of this static route rule. Router will forward all the	Null	
	data which fit for the destination and Netmask to this gateway.	INUII	



RIP @ IP Routing		
Item	Description	Default
RIP	RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a distance-vector routing protocol, which employs the hop count as a routing metric. RIP prevents routing loops by implementing a limit on the number of hops allowed in a path from the source to a destination.	Null
Enable RIP Protocol Setting	Tick to enable RIP function.	Disable
RIP Protocol Version	Select from "RIPv1" and "RIPv2".	RIPv1
Neighbor IP	If you input this neighbor IP, router will only send RIP request massage to this IP instead of broadcast. This item only needs to be set in some unicast network.	0.0.0.0
Update times	Defines the interval between routing updates.	30
Timeout	Defines the route aging time. If no update for a route is received after the aging time elapses, the metric of the route is set to 16 in the routing table.	180
Garbage	Defines the interval from when the metric of a route becomes 16 to when it is deleted from the routing table. During the Garbage-Collect timer length, RIP advertises the route with the routing metric set to 16. If no update is announced for that route after the Garbage-Collect timer expires, the route will be deleted from the routing table.	120
Enable Advance	Tick to enable RIP protocol Advance Setting.	Disable
Default Metric	This value is used for redistributed routes.	1
Distance	The first criterion that a router uses to determine which routing protocol to use if two protocols provide route information for the same destination.	120

	Select from "None", "Eth0", "Eth1" and "Default".	
	This command sets the specified interface to passive mode. On passive mode	
Passive	interface, all receiving packets are processed as normal and Rip info does not	None
rassive	send either multicast or unicast RIP packets except to RIP neighbors specified	
	with neighbor command.	
	The default is to be passive on all interfaces.	
Enable Default	Enable to make router send the default route to the other routers which in the	Disable
Origination	same IGP AS.	Disable
Enable Redistribute	Redistribute connected routes into the RIP tables.	
Connect	Redistribute connected routes into the Kir tables.	Disable
Enable Redistribute	Redistributes routing information from static route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable
Static	Redistributes routing information from static route entries into the Kir tables.	Disable
Enable Redistribute	Redistributes routing information from OSPF route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable
OSPF	hedistributes routing information from OSPF route entries lifto the KiP tables.	Disable

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Network List	Router will only report the RIP information in this list to its neighbor.	Null
Network Address	Enter the Network address which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Network's Netmask which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null

RIPipv4 Enabled		
✓ Enable RIP Protoco	Setting	
RIP Protocol Version		
● RIPv1	O RIPv2	
RIP Protocol common Se	ings	
Neighbor IP:		
Update time(s):	30	
Timeout(s):	180	
Garbage(s):	120	
RIP protocol Advance Set	ing	
☑ Enable Advance		
default Metric:	1	
Distance:	120	
Passive:	None 🗸	
☐ Enable Default orig	nation	
☐ Enable Redistribute	Connect	
☐ Enable Redistribute	Static	
☐ Enable Redistribute	Ospf	
Network List		
Network Ad	ress NetMask	
	Add	

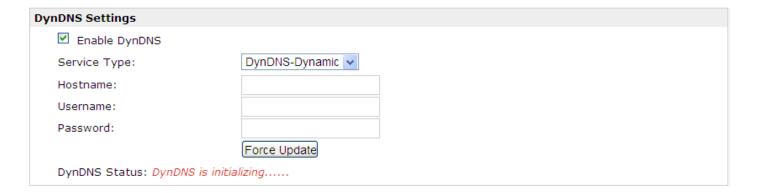
OSPF @ IP Routing			
Item	Description	Default	
	OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) is a link-state routing protocol for IP networks. It		
OSPF	uses a link state routing algorithm and falls into the group of interior routing	Null	
	protocols, operating within a single autonomous system (AS).		
Enable OSPFv2	Tick to enable OSPF function.	Disable	

OSPF Protocol		
☐ Enable OSPFv2		

3.18 Configuration -> DynDNS

This section allows users to set the DynDNS parameters.

DynDNS				
Item	Description	Default		
DynDNS	The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static hoastmen, allowing users whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP.	Null		
Enable DynDNS	Tick to enable DynDNS function.	Disable		
Service Type	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS–Dynamic", "QDNS (3322)" and "NOIP" which you have established an account with.	DynDNS-Dynamic		
hoastmen	Enter the Host name the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Username	Enter the user name the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Password	Enter the password the DDNS server provided.	Null		
Force Update	Click to the update and use the DynDNS settings.	Null		
DynDNS Status	Show current status of DynDNS	Null		



3.19 Configuration -> IPSec

This section allows users to set the IPSec parameters.

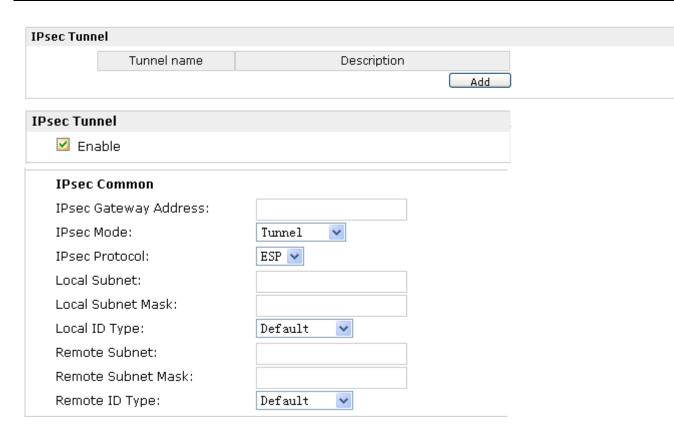
IPSec Basic @ IPSec			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable NAT Traversal	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for IPSec. This item must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Enable	
Keepalive Interval	The interval that router sends keepalive packets to NAT box so that to avoid it to remove the NAT mapping.	30	

IPsec Basic			
✓ Enable NAT Traversal			
Keepalive Interval(s):	30		

IPSec Tunnel @ IPSec			
Item	Description	Default	
Add	Click Add to add new IPSec Tunnel	Null	
Enable	Enable IPSec Tunnel, the max tunnel account is 3	Null	
IPSec Gateway Address	Enter the address of remote side IPSec VPN server.	Null	
	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport".		
	Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a		
	gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it.		
IPSec Mode	Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a	Tunnel	
	gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host—for example, an		
	encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the		
	router is the actual destination.		
	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".		
IPSec Protocol	ESP: Uses the ESP protocol.	ESP	
	AH: Uses the AH protocol.		
Local Subnet	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0	
Local Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0	
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation. "Default" stands for "IP Address". IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.		
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is		
Local ID Type	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	Default	
Local ID Type	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	Delauit	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this		
	option is selected, type a name string with an sign "@" for the local		
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.		
Remote Subnet	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0	
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0	
Nemote Submet Wask	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	0.0.0.0	
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.		
Remote ID Type	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is		
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security		
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	Default	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this		
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local		
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.		
	Select from "Main" and "aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in		
Negotiation Mode	phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPSec tunnel is obtained	Main	
	printed and in addition of the control of the first of the control	<u> </u>	

	I I II II III II II II II II II II II I	
	dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case,	
	SAs can be established as long as the username and password are	
	correct.	
	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
	DES: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 56-bit key.	
Encryption Algorithm	3DES: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 168-bit key.	3DES
	AES128: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
A the effective	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
Authentication	MD5: Uses HMAC-SHA1.	MD5
Algorithm	SHA1: Uses HMAC-MD5.	
	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5" to be	
	used in key negotiation phase 1.	
DH Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	MODP1024_2
-	MODP1024 2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	_
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	Select from "PSK", "CA", "XAUTH Init PSK" and "XAUTH Init CA" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
Authentication	PSK: Pre-shared Key.	PSK
	CA: Certification Authority.	
	XAUTH: Extended Authentication to AAA server.	
Secrets	Enter the Pre-shared Key.	Null
	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation.	
Life Time @ IKE	Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is	86400
Parameter	set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared	80400
	automatically when it expires.	
	Select from "DES_MD5_96", "DES_SHA1_96", "3DES_MD5_96", "3DES_	
	SHA1_96", "AES128_MD5_96", "AES128_ SHA1_96",	
	"AES192_MD5_96", "AES192_ SHA1_96", "AES256_MD5_96" and	
	"AES256_ SHA1_96" when you select "ESP" in "Protocol";	
SA Algorithm	Select from "AH_MD5_96" and "AH_ SHA1_96" when you select "AH"	3DES_MD5_96
	in "Protocol";	
	Note : Higher security means more complex implementation and lower	
	speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when	
	high confidentiality and security are required.	
	Select from "PFS_NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and	
	"MODP1536_5".	
DEC Croup	PFS_NULL: Disable PFS Group	DEC MILL
PFS Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	PFS_NULL
	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
Life Time @ SA	Set the IPSec SA lifetime.	28800
_	1	I

D	ALLE MILES AND	
Parameter	Note : When negotiating to set up IPSec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one	
	between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	
	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPSec protected	
	packets is received from the peer.	
	DPD: Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers.	
	When the local end sends an IPSec packet, DPD checks the time the last	
	IPSec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the DPD	
DPD Time Interval	interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives no	180
	DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it	
	retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD	
	acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of	
	retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears	
	the IKE SA and the IPSec SAs based on the IKE SA.	
DPD Timeout	Set the timeout of DPD packets.	60
	Select from "None", "L2TP" and "GRE".	
VPN Over IPSec Type	L2TP Over IPSec: Encrypt theL2TP tunnels using IPSec.	None
	GRE Over IPSec: Encrypt the GRE tunnels using IPSec.	
Enable Compress	Tick to enable compressing the inner headers of IP packets.	Disable
Please Add IPSec	Click Add to add IPSec Tunnel	Null
Tunnel	Click Add to add 175ec Tufffier	INUII



IKE Parameter	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 ▼
Authentication Algorithm:	MD5 💌
DH Group:	MODP1024_2 ▼
Authentication:	PSK
Secrets:	
Life Time(s):	3600
SA Parameter	
SA Algorithm:	3DES_SHA1_96 ▼
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL 💌
Life Time(s):	28800
DPD Time Interval (s):	60
DPD Timeout (s):	180
IPsec Advanced	
VPN Over IPsec Type:	NONE 💌
Enable Compress	

X.509 IPSec		
Item	Description	Default
Select Cert Type	Select the IPSec tunnel which the certification used for.	Null
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CA	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Remote Public Key file from your PC, and	
Remote Public Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Remote Public Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Public Key file from your PC, and then	
Local Public Key	click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Public Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Private Key file from your PC, and then	
Local Private Key	click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Local Private Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CRL	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
Authentication Status	Show current status parameters of IPSec.	Null

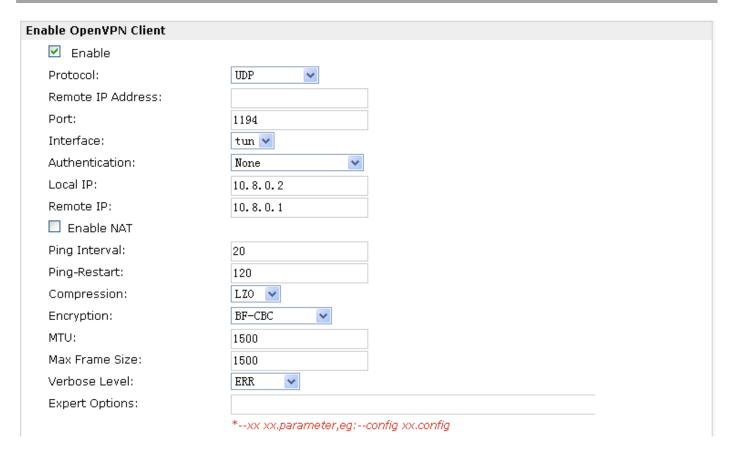
thentication Manage				
Select Cert Type:	Tunnel 1 💌			
CA:		浏览	Import	Export
Remote Public Key:		浏览	Import	Export
Local Public Key:		浏览	Import	Export
Local Private Key:		浏览	Import	Export
CRL:		浏览	Import	Export

Authentication Status Cert Type Ca.crt Remote.crt Local.crt Private.key Crl.pem Tunnel_1 OK OK OK OK Tunnel_2 Tunnel_3 Tunnel_3 Tunnel_3

3.20 Configuration -> Open VPN

This section allows users to set the Open VPN parameters.

Client @ Open VPN				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable	Enable OpenVPN Client, the max tunnel account is 3	Null		
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP		
Remote IP Address	Enter the remote IP address or domain name of remote side OpenVPN	Null		
Remote if Address	server.	Null		
Port	Enter the listening port of remote side OpenVPN server.	1194		
	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device			
	interface for OpenVPN.			
Interface	The difference between tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a	tun		
	virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet			
	device.			
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared",	None		
Authentication	"Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None		
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2		
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1		
Frankla NIAT	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for OpenVPN. This item must be enabled	Disable		
Enable NAT	when router under NAT environment.	Disable		
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20		
Ding Doctort	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout during	120		
Ping -Restart	this time.	120		
Communica	Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data	170		
Compression	stream.	LZO		
	Select from "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES128-CBC",			
	"AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC".			
	BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.			
Fig. on matic o	DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key.	DE CDC		
Encryption	DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	BF-CBC		
	AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.			
	AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.			
	AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.			
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size	1500		
WITO	of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500		
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500		
	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR",			
Verbose Level	"WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output	ERR		
	more log information.			
Evport Ontions	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each	Null		
Expert Options	string can be separated by a space.	INUII		
Subnet&Subnet	Set the subnet and subnet Mask of local route.	Null		
Mask@Local Route	Set the Subhet and Subhet Mask of local Toute.	INUII		



Outless of Manager
Subnet Mask
Add

Server @ Open VPN			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable OpenVPN Server	Tick to enable OpenVPN server tunnel.	Disable	
Tunnel name	Name the OpenVPN server tunnel.	Tunnel_OpenVPN_ 0	
Listen IP	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null or 0.0.0.0 stands for using the active WAN link currently-cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.	0.0.0.0	
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP	
Port	Set the local listening port	1194	
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between a tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet device.	tun	

		1
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared",	None
Addictitication	"Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2
Enable NAT	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for OpenVPN. This item must be	Disable
Eliable IVAI	enabled when router under NAT environment.	Disable
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Ding Doctort	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout	120
Ping -Restart	during this time.	120
Communica	Select from "None" and "LZO", Select "LZO" to use the LZO	LZO
Compression	compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO
	Select from "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES128-CBC",	
	"AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC".	
	BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key.	
Encryption	DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit	BF-CBC
	key.	
	AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
NATI I	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size	4500
MTU	of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500
	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR",	
Verbose Level	"WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output	ERR
	more log information.	
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each	Null
	string can be separated by a space.	Null
	Click "Add" to add a OpenVPN client info which include "Common	
	Name", "Password", "Client IP", "Local Static Route" and "Remote	NI. II
Client Manage	Static Route". This field only can be configured when you select	Null
	"Username/Password" in "Authentication".	
	ı	i .



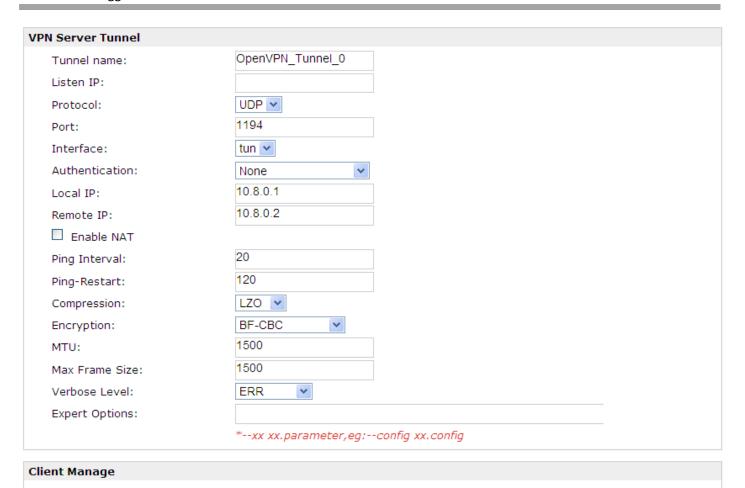
☑ Enable OpenVPN Server

Use

Common Name

Password

*Static Route: <1.1.1.0/24> or <1.1.1.0/24;2.2.2.2/16>



Local Static Route

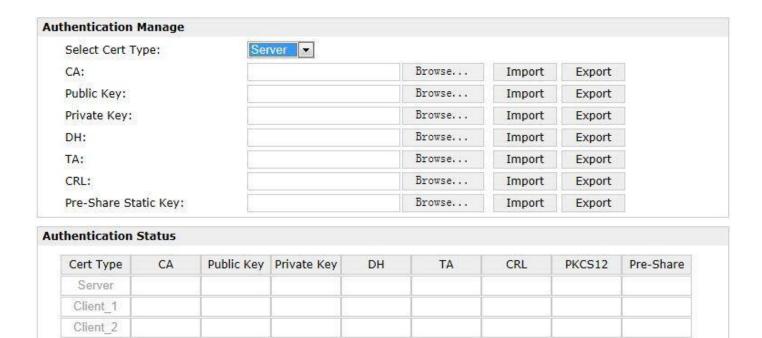
Remote Static Route

X

	X.509 @ Open VPN	
Item	Description	Default
Select Cert Type	Select the OpenVPN client or server which the certification used for.	Null
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CA	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Public Key file from your PC, and then click	
Public Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Public Key A file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Private Key file from your PC, and then click	
Private Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Private Key file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct DH A file from your PC, and then click	
DH	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the DH file from router to your PC.	
TA	Click "Browse" to select the correct TA file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router	Null

Client IP

	Click "Export" you can export the TA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CRL	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Pre-Share Static Key file from your PC, and	
Pre-Share Static Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Pre-Share Static Key file from router to your PC.	



3.21 Configuration -> GRE

Client_3

This section allows users to set the GRE parameters.

GRE		
Item	Description	Default
	Click to enable GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation). GRE is a	
Enable	protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols	Disable
	over IP networks.	
Remote IP Address	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP	Set local IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Subnet	Add a static route to the remote side's subnet so that the remote	Null
Remote Subnet	network is known to the local network.	
Remote Subnet Mask	Set remote subnet net mask.	Null
Frankla NAT	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for GRE. This item must be enabled	Disable
Enable NAT	when router under NAT environment.	Disable
Secrets	Set Tunnel Key of GRE.	Null

GRE	
⊻ Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Local Virtual IP:	
Remote Virtual IP:	
Remote Subnet:	
Remote Subnet Mask:	
Enable NAT	
Secrets:	

3.22 Configuration -> L2TP

This section allows users to set the L2TP parameters.

L2TP Client @ L2TP		
Item	Description	Default
Please add L2TP Client	Click "Add" to add a L2TP client. You can add at most 3 L2TP clients.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter your L2TP server's public IP or domain name.	Null
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2". You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto select the correct method based on server.	Disable
Enable Tunnel Authentication	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which provided by L2TP server.	Disable
Remote Subnet	EnterL2TPremote Protected subnet's address.	Null
Remote Subnet Mask	EnterL2TPremote Protected subnet's mask.	Null
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the L2TP client advanced setting.	Disable
Local IP	Set the IP address of the L2TP client. You can enter the IP which assigned by L2TP server. Null means L2TP client will obtain an IP address automatically from L2TP server's IP pool.	Null
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways address.	Null

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Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	ffffffff
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
МТИ	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp

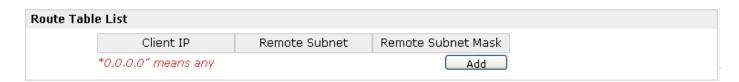
L2TP Clien	t	
	Tunnel name	Description
		Add

☑ Enable	
Remote IP Address:	
Username:	
Password:	
Authentication:	Auto
▼ Enable Tunnel Authentication	on
Tunnel secret:	
Remote Subnet:	
Remote Subnet Mask:	
☑ Show Advanced	
Local IP:	
Remote IP:	
✓ Address/Control Compression	on
☑ Protocol Field Compression	
Asyncmap Value:	ffffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

	L2TP Server @ L2TP		
Item	Description	Default	
Enable L2TP Server	Tick to enable L2TP server.	Disable	
Username	Set the username which will assign to L2TP client.	Null	
Password	Set the password which will assign to L2TP client.	Null	
Authentication	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2". L2TP client need to select the same authentication method based on this server's authentication method.	СНАР	
Enable Tunnel Authentication	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which will provide to L2TP client.	Disable	
Local IP	Set the IP address of L2TP server.	10.0.0.1	
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.100	
Show L2TP Server Advanced	Tick to show the L2TP server advanced setting.	Disable	
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable	
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable	

Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	
МТИ	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from L2TP server to L2TP client.	Null

Enable L2TP Server	
☑ Enable L2TP Server	
L2TP Common Settings	
Username:	
Password:	
Authentication:	Auto
☑ Enable Tunnel Authent	ication
Tunnel secret:	
Local IP:	
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100
L2TP Server Advanced	
✓ Show L2TP Server Advar	nced
Address/Control Compre	ssion
Protocol Field Compressi	on
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp



3.23 Configuration -> PPTP

This section allows users to set the PPTP parameters.

PPTP Client @ PPTP					
Item	Description	Default			
Add					
Enable	Enable PPTP Client. The max tunnel accounts are 3.	Null			
Disable	Disable PPTP Client.	Null			
Remote IP Address	Enter your PPTP server's public IP or domain name.	Null			
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null			
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null			
	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".				
Ath.o.ntiootion	You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the	Auto			
Authentication	server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto	Auto			
	select the correct method based on server's method.				
Remote Subnet	Enter PPTP remote Protected subnet's address.	Null			
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter PPTP remote Protected subnet's mask.	Null			
Frable MDDF	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for	Disable			
Enable MPPE	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable			
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the PPTP client advanced setting.	Disable			
	Set the IP address of the PPTP client.				
Local IP	You can enter the IP which assigned by PPTP server. Null means PPTP client	Null			
	will obtain an IP address automatically from PPTP server's IP pool.				
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways address.	Null			
Address/Control	Used for DDD initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default	Enable			
Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Ellable			
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable			
Compression	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify				
Asyncmap Value	this value.				
	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,				
MRU	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500			
	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of				
MTU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436			
	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.				
Link Detection Interval	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP	30			
	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer				
	' '	1			

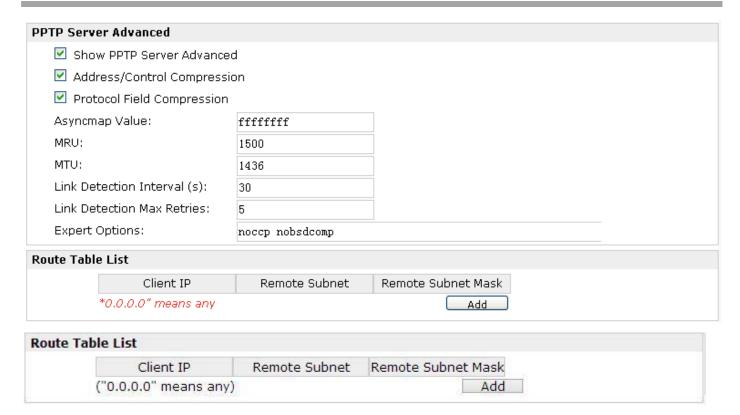
	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp

PTP Client			
Tunnel name		Description	
			Add
✓ Enable			
Remote IP Address:			
Username:			
Password:			
Authentication:	Auto	~	
Remote Subnet:			
Remote Subnet Mask:			
Enable MPPE			
Show Advanced			
Local IP:			
Remote IP:			
Address/Control Com	pression		
Protocol Field Compre	ession		
Asyncmap Value:	ffffffff		
MRU:	1500		
MTU:	1436		
Link Detection Interval (s): 30		
Link Detection Max Retrie	es: 5		
Expert Options:	noccp nobs	dcomp	

PPTP Server @ PPTP					
Item	Description	Default			
Enable PPTP Server	Tick to enable PPTP server.	Disable			
Username	Set the username which will assign to PPTP client.	Null			
Password	Set the password which will assign to PPTP client.	Null			
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".				
Authentication	PPTP client need to select the same authentication method based on this	CHAP			
	server's authentication method.				

Local IP	Set the IP address of PPTP server.	10.0.0.1		
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.2		
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.100		
Enable MPPE	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for			
LIIADIC IVII I L	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.			
Show PPTP Server Advanced	Tick to show the PPTP server advanced setting.	Disable		
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable		
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify			
Asylicinap value	this value.	ffffffff		
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500		
	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1300		
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1436		
	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1.30		
	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.			
	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP			
	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer			
Link Detection Interval	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no	30		
	response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times,			
	it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel			
	with the peer.			
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5		
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string	посср		
Lybert Options	can be separated by a space.	nobsdcomp		
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from PPTP server to PPTP client.	Null		
	·	•		

Enable PPTP Server		
▼ Enable PPTP Serve		
PPTP Common Settings		
Username:		
Password:		
Authentication:	Auto	
Local IP:		
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100	
▼ Enable MPPE		



3.24 Configuration -> SNMP

This section allows users to set the SNMP parameters.

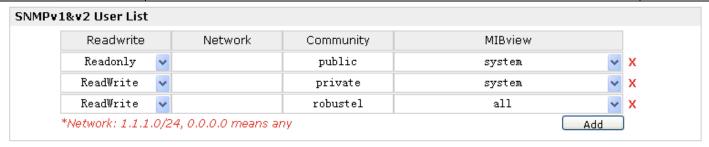
Basic @ SNMP					
Item	Description	Default			
Port	UDP port for sending and receiving SNMP requests.	161			
Agent Mode	Select the correct agent mode.	Master			
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2			
Location Info	Enter the router's location info which will send to SNMP client.	China			
Contact Info	Enter the router's contact info which will send to SNMP client.	info@robustel.com			
System name	Enter the router's system name which will send to SNMP client.	router			



View @ SNMP			
Item Description De			
View Name	Enter the View Name	Null	
View Filter	Select from "Include" and "Exclude".	Include	
View OID	Enter the Object Identifiers (OID)	Null	

b View	List				
	View Name	View Filter		View OID	
	system	Include	*	1.3.6.1.2.1.1	X
	all	Include	*	1	X
*1	/iew OID:<1-65535>.<	1-65535>		Add	

VACM @ SNMP				
Item	Description	Default		
Readwrite	Select the access rights from "Readonly" and "ReadWrite".			
	Select the access rights from Readonly and Readovitte.			
Network	Define the network from which is allowed to access. E.g. 172.16.0.0.	Null		
Community	Enter the community name.	Null		
MIBview	Select from "none", "system" and "all"	none		

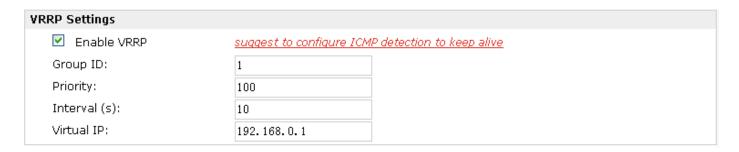


3.25 Configuration -> VRRP

This section allows users to set the VRRP parameters.

VRRP					
Item	Description	Default			
	Tick to enable VRRP protocol. VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is				
Enable VRRP	an Internet protocol that provides a way to have one or more backup routers	Disable			
	when using a statically configured router on a local area network (LAN). Using	Disable			
	VRRP, a virtual IP address can be specified manually.				
Group ID	Specify which VRRP group of this router belong to.	1			
Priority	Enter the priority value from 1 to 255. The larger value has higher priority.	100			
Interval	The interval that master router sends keepalive packets to backup routers.	10			

	A virtual IP address is shared among the routers, with one designated as the	
Vietual ID	master router and the others as backups. In case the master fails, the virtual	192.168.0.
Virtual IP	IP address is mapped to a backup router's IP address. (This backup becomes	1
	the master router.)	



3.26 Configuration -> AT over IP

This section allows users to set the AT over IP parameters.

AT over IP		
Item	Description	Default
Enable AT Settings	Tick to enable AT over IP to control cellular module via AT command remotely.	Disable
Protocol	Select from "TCP server" or "UDP"	UDP
Local IP	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null stands for all these three IP addresses.	0.0.0.0
Local Port	Enter the local TCP or UDP listening port.	8091

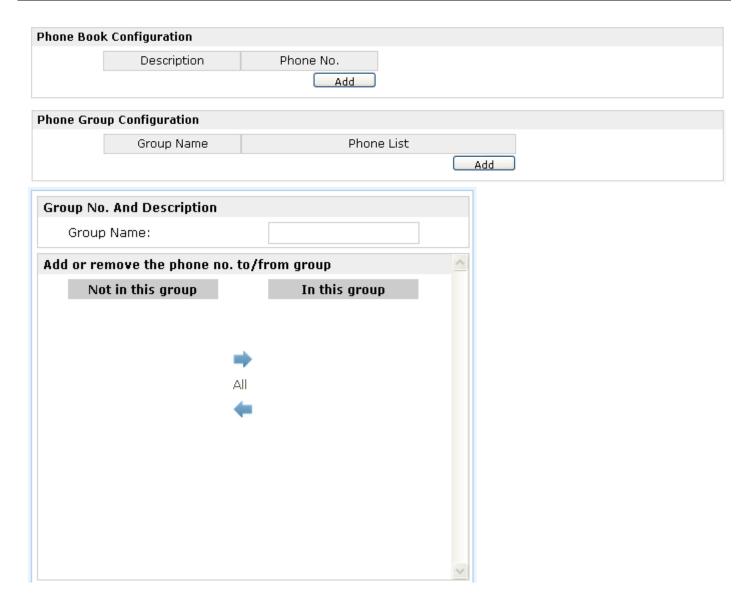


3.27 Configuration -> Phone Book

This section allows users to set the Phone Book parameters.

Phone Book		
Item	Description	Default
Description	Set the name to your relevant phone No.	Null
Phone No.	Enter your phone No.	Null

Phone Group		
Group Name	Set the Group Name.	Null
Phone List	Show the phone list in the Group.	Null
Add or remove the phone no.to/from	Click right arrow to add the phone no.to this group; Click left arrow to remove the phone no.from group.	Null
group	the phone hollion group.	



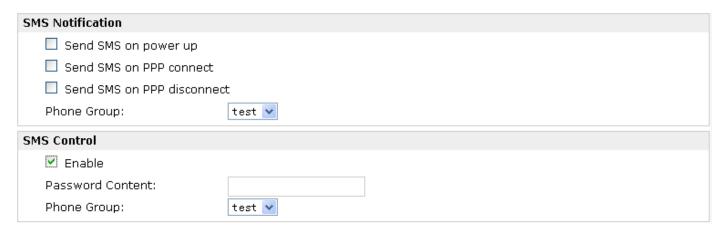
3.28 Configuration -> SMS

This section allows users to set the SMS Notification and SMS Control parameters.

This section allows users to set the sixis Notification and sixis control parameters.		
SMS		
Item	Description	Default
Send SMS on power up	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router power up.	Disable
Send SMS on PPP connect	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router establish PPP connection.	Disable

Send SMS on PPP	Enable to send SMS to specific user when router disconnect PPP connection.	Disable
disconnect		
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null
Enable @ SMS Control	Click to enable SMS remote control.	Disable
Password Content	Set the password content characters.	Null
Password Content	Note : Only support text format SMS. For example 123 or ABC123.	
Phone Group	Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null

Note: pls refer to section 4.7 SMS Commands for Remote Control.



3.29 Configuration -> Reboot

This section allows users to set the Reboot policies.

Time @ Reboot		
Item	Description	Default
Enable(ahh:mm,24h)	Enable daily reboot, you should follow ahh:mm,24h time frame, or the data will	Disable
	be invalid.	Disable
Reboot Time1	Specify time1 when you need router reboot.	Null
Reboot Time2	Specify time2 when you need router reboot.	Null
Reboot Time3	Specify time3 when you need router reboot.	Null
	Call @ Reboot	
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null
	Send reply short message after auto Call reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.	
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null
	Note: Only support text format SMS.	
SMS @ Reboot		
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null

SMS Reply Content	Send reply short message after auto Call reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g. Reboot ok!).	Null
	Note: Only support text format SMS.	
Daily Reboot		
Enable (hh:mm,	24h)	
Reboot Time1	Reboot Time2 Reboot Time3	
12:00		
Call Reboot Configurat	ion	
Enable Call Rebo	oot	
Phone Group:	NULL <u>V</u> <u>Click to add PhoneGroup!</u>	
SMS Reply Content:		
SMS Reboot Configura	tion	
☑ Enable SMS Reb	oot	
Phone Group:	NULL Click to add PhoneGroup!	
Password:		
SMS Reply Content:		

3.30 Configuration -> Portal

This section allows users to set the Portal parameters. Users can configure this section to select relevant server platform to manager numbers of remote devices.

Portal		
Item	Description	Default
Enable Portal	Click to enable Portal function.	Disable
Server Type	This item allow users to select the different management server platform. Selected from "robustlink", "Info24". Robustlink is an industrial-grade centralized management and administration system for the R3000. It allows you to monitor, configure and manage large numbers of remote devices on a private network over the web.	robustli nk
Server address	Set the IP address of the management server platform you select. When router power on it will automatically establish TCP connection to the server platform and login.	Null
Port	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	Disable
Password	The password need to be the same as the password preset in the server platform.	Null



3.31 Configuration -> Syslog

This section allows users to set the syslog parameters.

Syslog		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the save position from "None", "Flash" and "SD". "None" means syslog is	NONE
	only saved in RAM, and will be cleared after reboot.	
Log Level	Select form "DEBUG", "INFO", "NOTICE", "WARNING", "ERR", "CRIT", "ALERT"	
	and "EMERG" which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in	DEBUG
	detail.	
Keep Days	Specify the syslog keep days for router to clear the old syslog.	14
Log to Remote System	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to	Disable
	enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	Disable

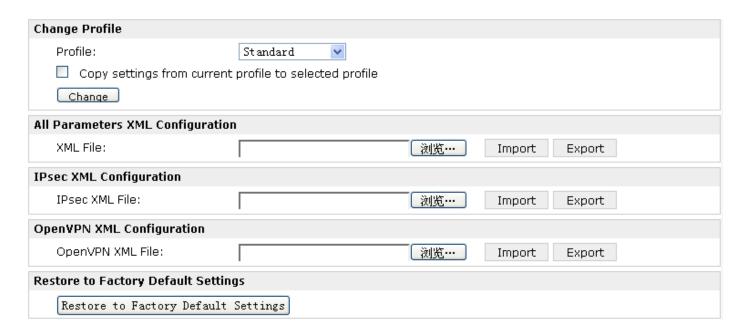


3.32 Administration -> Profile

This section allows users to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.

Profile		
Item	Description	Default
Profile	This item allow users store different configuration profiles into different	
	positions; or save one configuration profile into different positions just for	Standar
	configuration data backup.	d
	Selected from "Standard", "Alternative 1", "Alternative 2", "Alternative 3".	

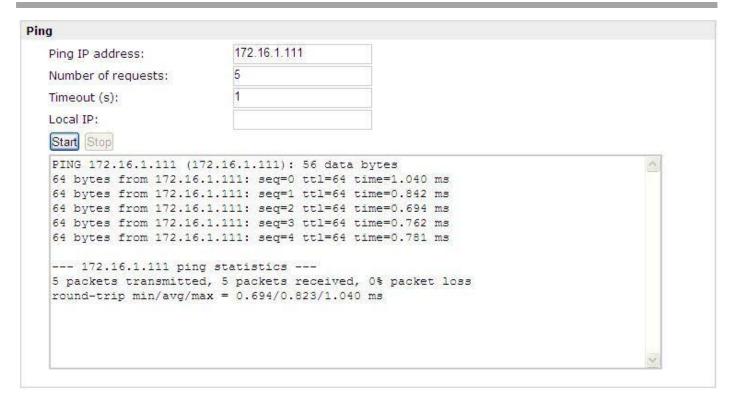
XML Configuration	Import: Click "Browse" to select the XML file in your computer, then click "Import" to import this file into your router. Export: Click "Export" and the configuration will be showed in the new popup browser window, then you can save it as a XML file.	Null
Restore to Factory	Click the button of "Restore to Factory Default Settings" to restore the router to	Null
Default Settings factory to factory default setting.		INUII



3.33 Administration -> Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, AT Debug and Traceroute.

Ping @ Tools			
Item	Description		
Ping IP address	Enter the ping destination IP address or domain name. N		
Number of requests	Specify the number of requests.		
Timeout	Specify timeout of ping request.		
LevelID	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	NIII	
Local IP	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	Null	
Chowh	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the follow	N. II	
Start	box.	Null	



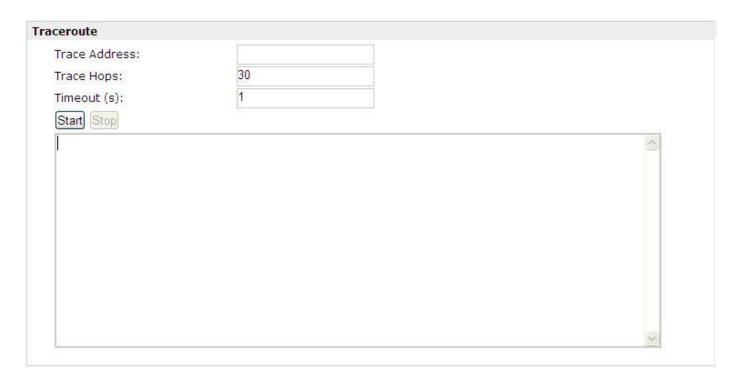
AT Debug

AT Debug @ Tools		
Item Description Default		Default
Send AT Commands Enter the AT commands which you need to send to cellular module in this box. Null		Null
Send	Click this button to send the AT commands. Null	
Receive AT Commands	Router will display the AT commands which respond from the cellular module in	Nivill
	this box.	Null



Traceroute @ Tools		
Item Description Default		Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace destination IP address or domain name.	
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	

Timeout	Specify timeout of Traceroute request.	
Cond	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in the	Ni. II
Send	follow box.	Null



3.34 Administration -> User Management

This section allows users to modify or add management user accounts.

Super @ User Management		
Item	tem Description Defa	
Super	One router has only one super user account. Under this account, user has the highest authority include modify and add management user accounts.	
User Management	Set Username and Password.	
Login Timeout Specify the login timeout value. You need to re-login after this timeout of user inactively.		1800

User Management		
Username: Old Password: New Password: Confirm Password:	admin	
Login Parameters		
Login Timeout(s):	1800	

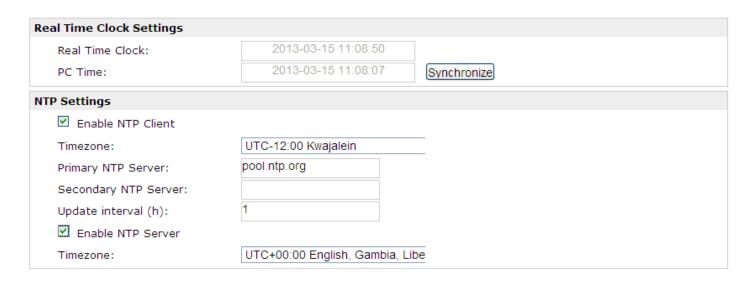
Common @ User Management		
Item	Description	
Common	One router has at most 9 common user accounts. There are two access level or common user account: "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".	
Access Level	Select from "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly". ReadWrite: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level; ReadOnly: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	
Username/ Password	Set Username and Password.	
Add	Click this button to add a new account.	



3.35 Administration -> Clock

This section allows users to set clock of router and NTP server.

Clock		
Item	Description	
Real Time Clock	Router's RTC can be showed and modified in this field.	Null
PC Time	You PC's time can be showed here.	Null
Synchronize	Synchronize router's RTC with PC.	Null
Enable NTP Client	Click enable to enable NTP client which can synchronize the time from NTP	Disable
Enable NTP Client	server.	Disable
Timezone @ Client	Select your local time zone.	UTC
Timezone @ Cilent	Select your local time zone.	
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.nt
Primary INTP Server	Enter primary into Server's in address of domain name.	p.org
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	
Update interval (h)	Enter the interval which NTP client synchronize the time from NTP server.	
Enable NTP Server	Click to enable the NTP server function of router.	
Timozono @ Corvor	Select your local time zone.	
Timezone @ Server		



3.36 Administration -> Update Firmware

This section allows users to update the firmware of router.

Update Firmware		
Item	Description	
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version. Null	
Click "Select File" button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click		
Update firmware	"Update" button" to update. After updating successfully, you need to reboot	Null
	router to take effect.	



Chapter 4. Examples of configuration

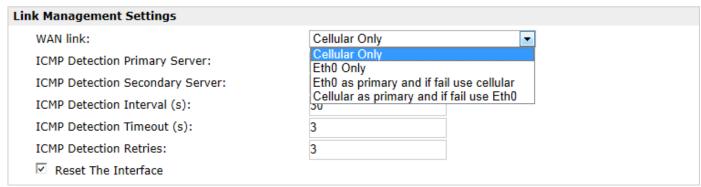
4.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows users how to configure the parameters of Cellular Dial-up which are with two different policies "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "EthO Only" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

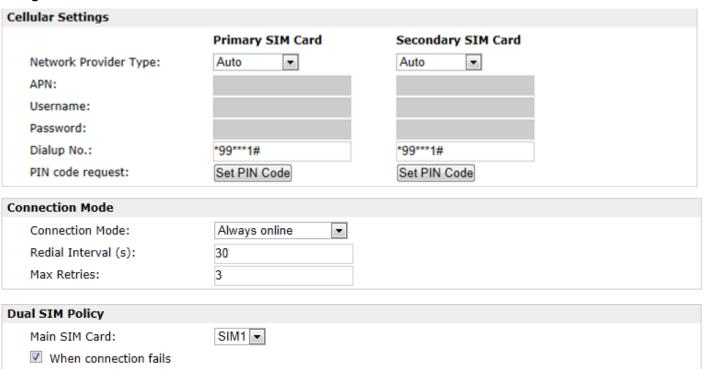
4.1.1 Always Online:

Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular Only



The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic



When roaming is detected
When IO is active
Monthly data traffic limitation

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

If a customized SIM card is using, please select "Custom" instead of "Auto" in "Network Provider Type", and some relative settings should be filled in manually.

4.1.2 Connect on Demand:

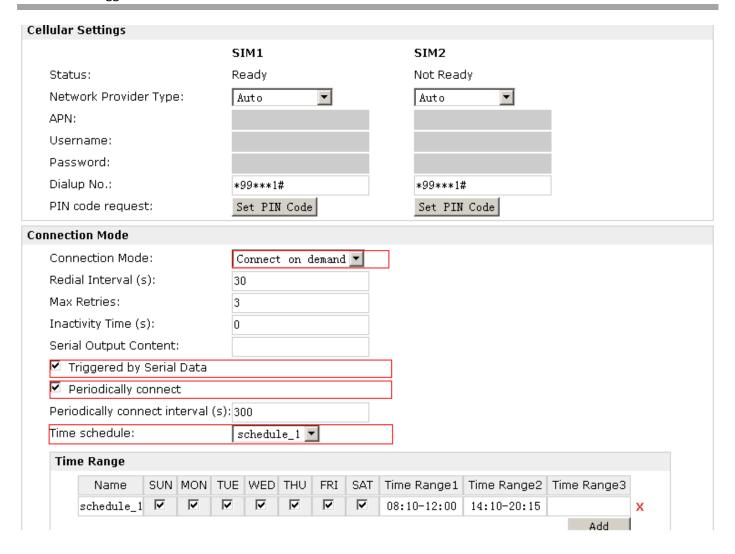
Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular Only

Link Management Settings			
WAN link:	Cellular Only		
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	Cellular Only Eth0 Only		
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	Eth0 as primary and if fail use cellular		
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0		
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3		
ICMP Detection Retries:	3		
Reset The Interface			

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic



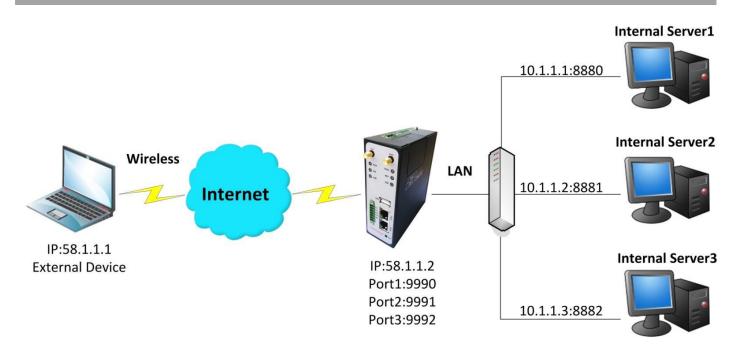
Select the trigger policy you need.

Note: If you select multiple trigger policies, the router will be triggered under anyone of them.

4.2 NAT

This section shows users how to set the NAT configuration of router.

Parameter Remote IP defines if access is allowed to route to the Forwarded IP and Port via WAN IP and "Arrives At Port".



Configuration--->NAT/DMZ--->Port Forwarding

Remote IP	Arrives At Port	Is Forwarded to IP Address	Is Forwarded to Port	Protocol
58.1.1.1	9990	10.1.1.1	8880	TCP
58.1.1.1	9991	10.1.1.2	8881	UDP
58.1.1.1	9992	10.1.1.3	8882	TCP&UDP

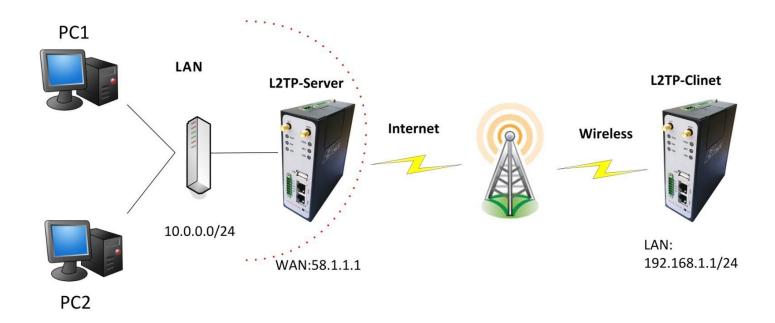
Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Explanations for above diagram:

If there are two IP addresses 58.1.1.1 and 59.1.1.1 for the External Devices, that the result will be different from the test when the NAT is working at R3000.

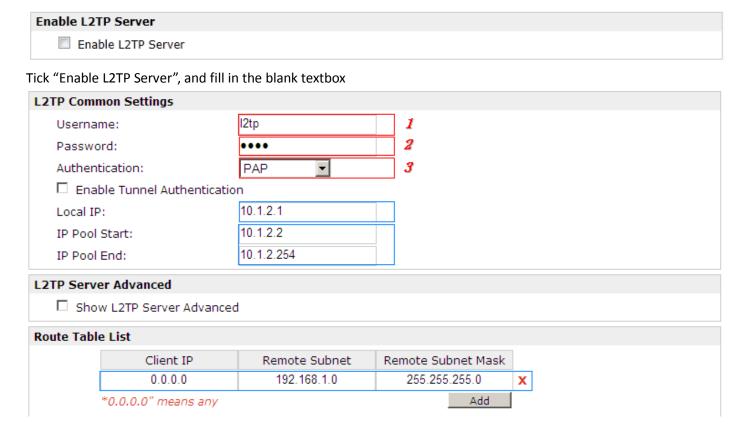
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9990be forwarded to>10.1.1.1:8000	TCP
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9991be forwarded to>10.1.1.2:8001	UDP
58.1.1.1be forwarded to>10.1.1.3:8002	TCP&UDP

4.3 L2TP



L2TP_SERVER:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Server



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

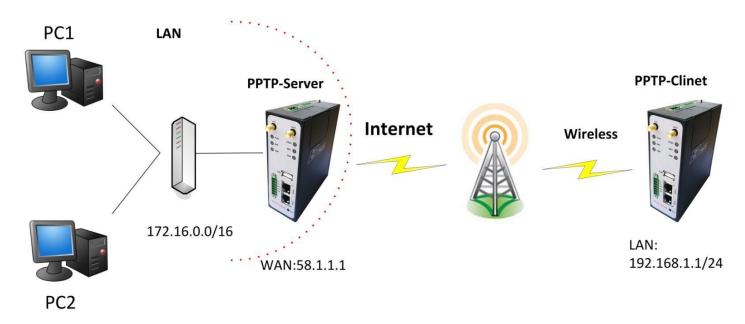
L2TP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Client

Please add L2TP Client				
Add				
Click "Add" button, and fill in the b	olank textbox			
L2TP Client X				
	C Disable			
Server Name:	58.1.1.1]		
Username:	l2tp	1		
Password:	••••	2		
Authentication:	PAP ▼	<i>3</i>		
☐ Enable Tunnel Authentication				
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0]		
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0			
☐ Show L2TP Client Advance	d	_		

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

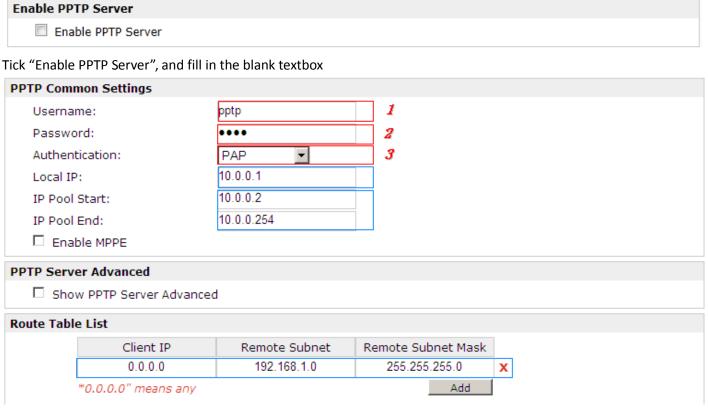
4.4 PPTP



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client , and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel .

PPTP_SERVER:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Server



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

PPTP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Client

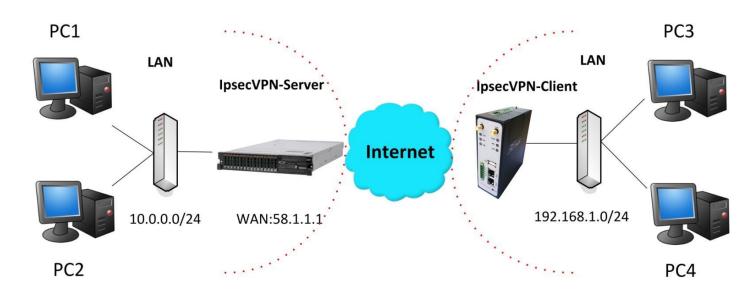


Click "Add" button, and fill in the blank textbox

PPTP Client X		
	O Disable	
Server Name:	58.1.1.1	
Username:	pptp	1
Password:	••••	2
Authentication:	PAP 🔻	3
Remote Subnet:	172.16.0.0	
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.0.0	
☐ Enable MPPE		
☐ Show PPTP Client Adva	nced	

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

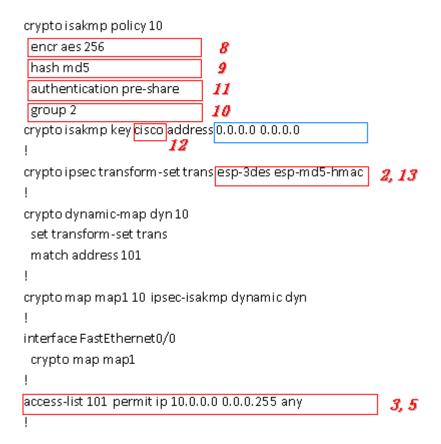
4.5 IPSEC VPN



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

IPsecVPN_SERVER:

Cisco 2811:



Note: Polices 1,4,6,7 are default for Cisco router and do not display at the CMD.

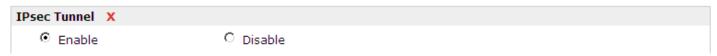
IPsecVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Basic

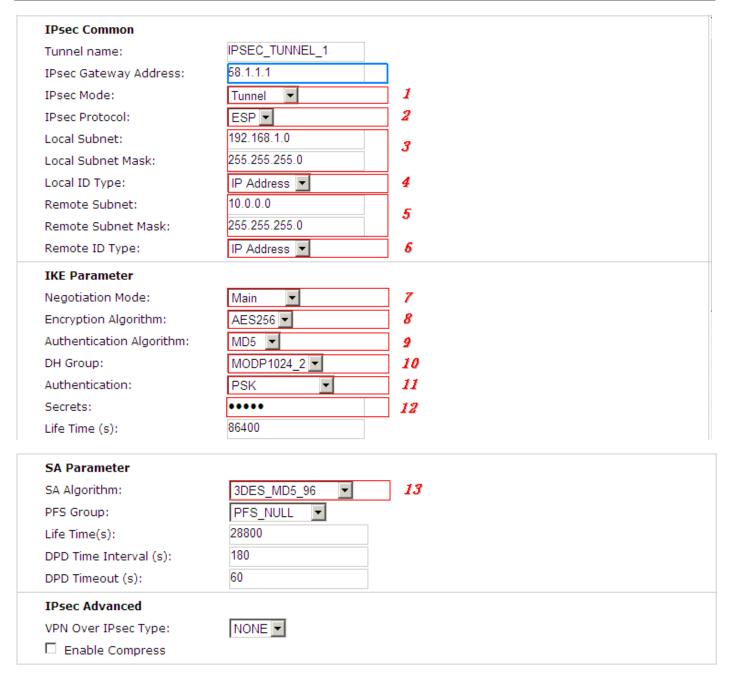
IPsec Basic			
Enable NAT Traversal			
Keepalive Interval(s):	30		

Then click "Apply".

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Tunnel

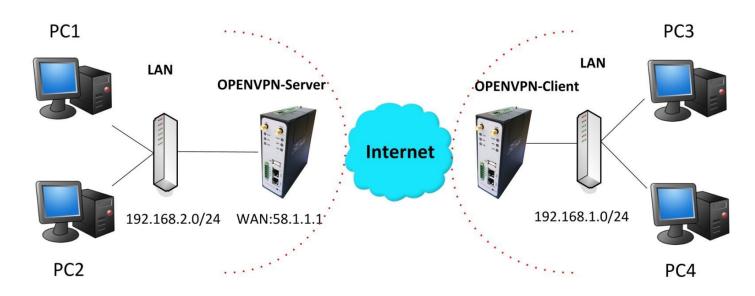


Tick "Enable IPSec Tunnel1"



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.6 OPENVPN



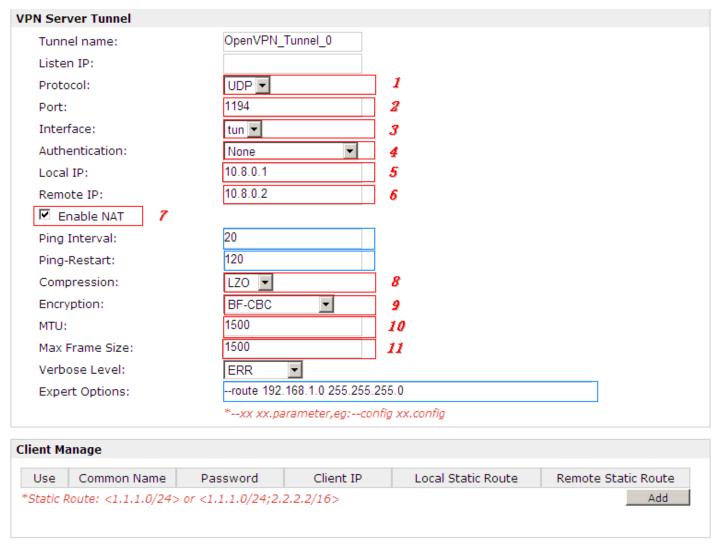
Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

OPENVPN_SERVER:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Server

Enable OpenVPN Server Enable OpenVPN Server

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Server".



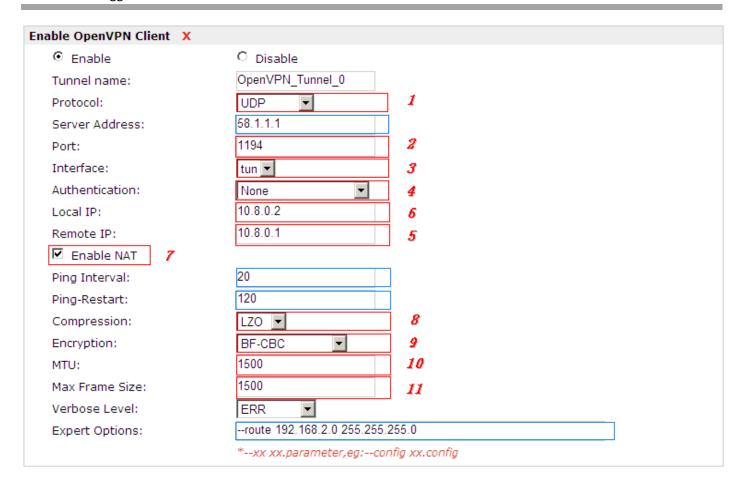
The modifications will take effect after click "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

OPENVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Client



Tick "Enable OpenVPN Client1", and fill in the blank textbox



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.7 SMS Remote Control

R3000 supports remote control via SMS. An SMS command has following structure:

Password:cmd1,a,b,c;cmd2,d,e,f;cmd3,g,h,i;...;cmdn,j,k,n

SMS command Explanation:

Password: SMS control password is configured at Basic - >SMS Control - >Password, which is an optional

parameter.

- a) When there is no password, SMS command has following structure: cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;···;cmdn
- b) When there is a password, SMS command has following structure: **Password:cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;···;cmdn**
- 2. Cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, which are command identification number 0000 9999
- 3. A, b, c to n, which are command parameters
- 4. The semicolon character $\binom{r}{r}$ is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- 5. After setting new parameters for R3000, please use 0004 command to save parameters and reset the router, then the new parameters will take effect.
- 6. E.g., 1234:1001,R3000;0004

In this command, password is 1234, and we set device name as "R3000", then save parameters and reset the router to take effect with command 0004.

Cmd	Description	Syntax	Comments	
Contro	Control Commands			
0001	Reset Device	cmd	if no password, please use command "cmd", or use command" password: cmd" cmd1 + cmd2: cmd1;cmd2 * - means can be null	
0002	Save Parameters	cmd		
0003	Save Parameters and Reset Device	cmd		
0004	Start PPP Dialup	cmd		
0005	Stop PPP	cmd		
0006	Switch Sim Card	cmd		
0007	Enable/Disable Event Counter	cmd,channel,flag	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2 flag: 0 - disable 1 - enable	
0008	Get Event Count Value	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2	
0009	Clear Event Count	cmd,channel	channel: 1 - DI_1 2 - DI_2	
0010	Clear SIM Card's Data Limitation	cmd,simNumber	simNumber: 1 - SIM_1 2 - SIM_2	

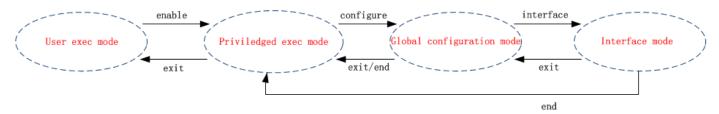
Chapter 5. Introductions for CLI

5.1 What's CLI and hierarchy level Mode

The R3000 command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the <u>console</u> or through a <u>telnet</u> network connection. Before using them better a few of details will be introduced on four different CLI hierarchy level modes which have different access rights:

- User exec mode—The command prompt ">" shows you are in the user mode, in this mode user can
 only use some simple commands to see the current configuration and the status of the device, or enter
 the "ping" command to troubleshoot the network connectivity.
- Privileged exec mode—When you enter Privileged mode ,the prompt will change to "#" which user can
 do not only what is allowed in the user exec mode but also the new additions like importing and
 exporting for files , system log , debug and so on .
- Global configuration mode—The global configuration mode with prompt "<config>#" allows user to add ,set ,modify and delete current configuration .
- Interface mode—Prompt "<config-xx>" means in this mode we can set both IP address and mtu for this interface.

Following is a relationship diagram about how to access or quit among the different modes:



USER EXEC MODE:

R3000 Configure Environment

Username: admin Password: *****

R3000>? //check what commands can be used in **user exec mode**

enable Turn on privileged commands

exit Exit from current mode

ping Ping test

reload Halt and perform a cold restart

tracert Tracert test

show Show running system information

PRIVILEDGED EXEC MODE:

R3000> enable Password: *****

R3000#? //check what commands can be used in **Privileged exec mode**

debug Debug configure information enable Turn on privileged commands

exit Exit from current mode
export Export file using tftp
syslog Export system log

import Import file using tftp

load Load configure information

ping Ping test

reload Halt and perform a cold restart

tracert Tracert test

write Write running configuration tftp Copy from tftp: file system

show Show running system information

configure Enter configuration mode end Exit to Normal mode

GLOBAL CONFIGURATION MODE:

R3000# configure

R3000(config)#? //check what commands can be used in global configuration mode

exit Exit from current mode
end Exit to Normal mode
interface Configure an interface
set Set system parameters

add Add system parameters list modify Modify system parameters list delete Delete system parameters list

INTERFACE MODE:

R3000(config)# interface Ethernet 0

R3000(config-e0)#? //check what commands can be used in **interface mode**

exit Exit from current mode end Exit to Normal mode

ip Set the IP address of an interfacemtu Set the IP address of an interface

5.2 How to configure the CLI

Following is a list about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description
2	Typing a question mark "?" everywhere needed that will show us the helpful
•	information.
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also
Ctri+c	can be used for "break" out of the setting program .
	Parameters "xxx" are not supported by the system , in this case, enter a mark
Invalid command "xxx"	"?" instead of "xxx" will help to find out the correct parameters about this
	issue.
Incomplete command	Parameters haven't been finished yet .
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker	'^' marker indicates the location where is set wrong .

Note: Almost all the parameters setting are in the **Global configuration mode**, commands **set**, **add** are very important for this mode. If some parameters can't be found in the Global configuration mode, please move back to **Privileged exec mode** or move up to **Interface mode**.

NOTICE: Knowing the **CLI hierarchy level modes** is necessary before configuring the CLI. If you don't, please go back and read it quickly in chapter 5!

5.2.1 QuickStart with configuration examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then reading all CLI commands at a time ,finally learn to configure it with some reference examples .

Example 1 : Show current version

R3000> show version

software version: 1.01.00 kernel version: v2.6.39

hardware version:

1.01.00

R3000> enable Password: ***** R3000# R3000# tftp 172.16.3.3 get rootfs R3k.1.01.00.02_130325 Tftp transfering tftp succeeded!downloaded R3000# write //save current configuration Building configuration... OK R3000# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect **Example 3: Set link-management** R3000> enable Password: ***** R3000# R3000# configure R3000(config)# set link-management wan link: 1.Cellular Only 2.Eth0 Only 3.Eth0 as primary and if fail use Cellular 4.Cellular as primary and if fail user Eth0 ->please select mode(1-4)[1]:2 //select "Eth0 Only" as wan-link ->ICMP detection primary server[]:8.8.8.8 ->ICMP detection second server[]:8.8.8.4 ->ICMP detection interval(3-1800)[30]: ->ICMP detection timeout(1-10)[3]: ->ICMP detection retries(1-20)[3]: ->reset the interface?'yes'or'no'[no]: this parameter will be take effect when reboot! really want to modify[yes]: R3000# write //save current configuration Building configuration... OK R3000# reload !Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

Example 4: Set IP address, Gateway and DNS for Eth0

R3000> enable

Password: ****

R3000#

R3000# show link-management //show current link-management

wan link : Eth0 Only // now "Eth0 Only" as wan-link

ICMP primary server : 8.8.8.8
ICMP second server : 8.8.8.4
ICMP detection interval : 30 seconds
ICMP detection timeout : 3 seconds

ICMP detection retries : 3 reset the interface : no

R3000# configure

R3000(config)# set eth0

ethernet interface type:WAN

type select:

1. Static IP

2. DHCP

3. PPPOE

->please select mode(1-3)[1]:

->IP address[192.168.0.1]:58.1.1.1 //set IP address for eth0

->Netmask[255.255.255.0]:255.0.0.0

->gateway[192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254 //set gateway for eth0

->mtu value(1024-1500)[1500]:

->input primary DNS[192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254 //set dns for eth0

->input secondary DNS[0.0.0.0]:

this parameter will be take effect when reboot!

really want to modify[yes]:

R3000(config)# end

R3000# write //save current configuration

Building configuration...

OK

R3000# reload

!Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

Example 5: CLI for Cellular dialup

R3000> enable

Password: *****

R3000#

R3000# show link-management

```
************
                                              // now "Cellular Only" as wan-link
 wan link
                            : Cellular Only
 ICMP primary server
                           : 8.8.8.8
 ICMP second server
                           : 8.8.8.4
 ICMP detection interval
                         : 30 seconds
 ICMP detection timeout
                         : 3 seconds
 ICMP detection retries
                         : 3
 reset the interface
                        : no
************
R3000(config)# set cellular
1. set SIM_1 parameters
2. set SIM_2 parameters
->please select mode(1-2)[1]:
SIM 1 parameters:
network provider
1. Auto
2. Custom
3. china-mobile
->please select mode(1-3)[1]:
->dial out using numbers[*99***1#]:
->pin code[]:
connection Mode:
1. Always online
2. Connect on demand
->please select mode(1-2)[1]:
->redial interval(1-120)[30]:
->max connect try(1-60)[3]:
R3000(config)# end
R3000# write
                                               //save current configuration
Building configuration...
OK
R3000# show
              cellular
**************
 Cellular enable
                          : yes
1. show SIM_1 parameters
 2. show SIM_2 parameters
->please select mode(1-2)[1]:
```

Robustel GoRugged R3000 User Guide

SIM 1 parameters:

network provider : Auto

dial numbers : *99***1# pin

code : NULL

connection Mode : Always online

redial interval : 30 seconds

max connect try : 3 main SIM select : SIM_1 when connect fail : yes when roaming is detected : no month date limitation : no SIM phone number network select Type : Auto authentication type : AUTO : 1500 mtu value : 1500 mru value : 0xffffffff asyncmap value

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{use peer DNS} & : \text{yes} \\ \text{primary DNS} & : 0.0.0.0 \\ \text{secondary DNS} & : 0.0.0.0 \end{array}$

address/control compression: yes protocol field compression: yes

expert options : noccp nobsdcomp

R3000# reload

!Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

5.3 Commands reference

commands	syntax	description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Export	Export parameters	Export vpn ca certificates
Import	Import parameters	Import vpn ca cerfiticates
Syslog	syslog	Export log information to tftp server
Load	Load default	Restores default values
Write	Write	Save current configuration parameters
tftp	Tftp IP-address get {cfg rootfs} file-name	Import configuration file or update firmware via tftp
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function, if we need to see all please using "show running"
Set Add	Set parameters Add parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list parameter