

HUART CAMERA MODULE

JC405M-W01



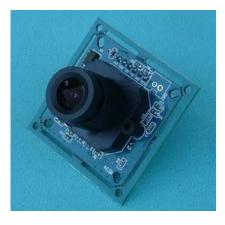
Application

The JC405M-W01 JPEG compression high speed UART module performs as a video camera or a JPEG compressed still camera and can be fixed into all kinds of system. For example: remote monitoring, vehicle monitoring, visible the doorbell, camera phones, digital image records, industry control, access control, etc. Users can send out a snapshot command from the host in order to capture a full resolution single-frame still picture. The picture is compressed by the JPEG engine and transferred to the host.

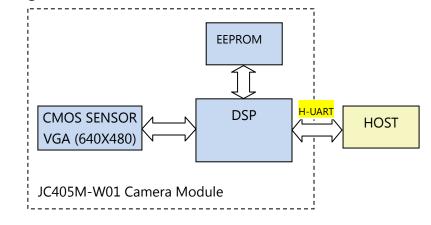
Feature

- 1. Small in size: 32mm x 32mm (L x W).
- 2. 0.3M CMOS sensor, VGA resolution, down sample to QQVGA.
- 3. Video-out: VGA & 30fps, optional.
- 4. Low power consumption, 3.3V or 5.0V operation.
- 5. HUART interface support up to 460.8Kbps.
- 6. Built-in JPEG CODE.
- 7. Built-in lens, optional.

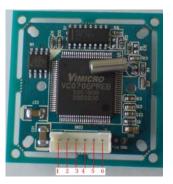
Outline



Block Diagram







PIN	FUNCTION
1	DC 5V
2	GND
3	RX
4	ТХ
5	GND
6	VIDEO

16.30±0.1

Specification

♦ Lens Structure

Item	Specification	Remark
Pixel Size	PAL:628 x 582 / NTSC:510 x 492	
Image Sensor	1/4"	CMOS sensor MT9V011
Baud Rate	38.4Kbps~460.8Kbps	115.2Kbps default
Output	TTL level	
Image Format	JPEG	
Operating Voltage	3.3V or 5.0V±10%	
Working Current	90 mA	
	Construction: 2G2P+IR filter	
	Effective Focal Length:3.6mm	
Lens	F#:2.0	
Lens	FOV:80°	
	Distortion <-3.5%	
	Relative illumination: 60% Ø3.44	
Operating Temp.	-20°C~+60°C	

User Manual

1. Serial Interface

1.1 Baud Rate

JC405M-W01 supports total 4 types of baud rate: 38,400bps, 57,600bps, 115,200bps and 460,800bps. **Default** baud rate is **115,200bps**. In other words, host needs to use 115200bps at the first connection with JC405M-W01. After the first connection, host can change the baud rate to other supported values.

1.2 Single Byte Timing Diagram

A single byte RS-232 transmission consists of one start bit, 8-bit contents and one stop bit. A start bit is always 0, while a stop bit is always 1. LSB is sent out first and is right after the start bit.

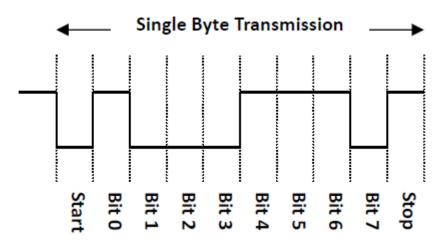
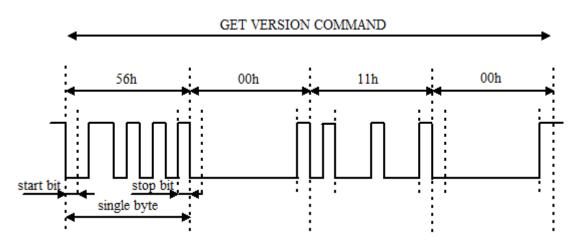
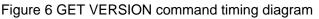


Figure 5 RS232 communications - single byte timing diagram

1.3 Command Timing Diagram

A single command consists of 4 or more (depends on **data length**'s value) continuous single byte RS-232 transmissions. The following is an example of **GET VERSION** (56h, 00h, 11h, 00h) command.





1.4 Command summary

Command	Functions
GET VERSION	Get Firmware version information
SYSTEM RESET	System reset
FBUF CTRL	Control frame buffer
GET FBUF LEN	Get image lengths in frame buffer
READ FBUF	Read frame buffer
SET BAUDRATE	Set serial baud rate
SET SAMPLESIZE	Set image size(VGA/QVGA/QQVGA)
SET COMPRESSRATIO	Set image compressed rate
COM REPLY	Host will get reply command from JC405M-W01

Table 1 command summary

1.5 Command format

Protocol sign(1byte) + Serial No.(1byte) + Command(1byte) + Data length(1byte) + Control data(nbytes)

Protocol sign: This one byte field indicates the transmitting mode of the command.

Protocol sign	value	definitions
Sending command	56h	The command is sent from the host to JC405M-W01
Replying command	76h	Command is received from JC405M-W01 to the host
		Table 2 protocol sign

Table 2 protocol sign

Serial No.: Now this one byte field is invariably set to 0.

Command: This one byte filed indicates the command function. About the detail, please refer to Table 3 command set.

Data length: This one byte field specifies the total length in bytes of **control data** by which is followed.

Control data: The data of this field is only meaningful when **Data length** is not equal to 0. This data depends on the different commands. About the details, please refer to the following sections.

1.6	Command	protocol
-----	---------	----------

Command name	Protocol sign	Serial No.	Command value	Data length	Control data
GET VERSION	56h	00h	11h	00h	Don't care
SYSTEM RESET	56h	00h	26h	00h	Don't care
FBUF CTRL	56h	00h	36h	01h	To know data vaule of this
GET FBUF LEN	56h	00h	34h	01h	field, please refer to the
READ FBUF	56h	00h	32h	0Ch	following sections
SET BAUDRATE	56h	00h	31h	08h	To know data yould of this
SET SAMPLESIZE	56h	00h	31h	05h	To know data vaule of this
SET COMPRESSRATIO	56h	00h	31h	05h	field, please refer to the following sections
COM REPLY	76h	00h		alue of tl	rent sending commands. To his field, please refer to the

Table 3 Command set

1.6.1 GET VERSION Command

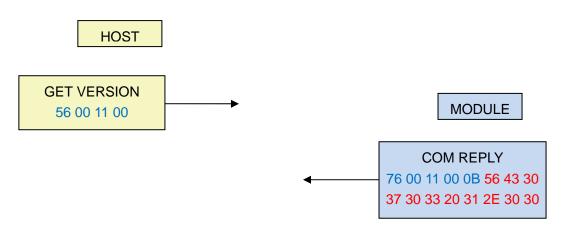
The GET VERSION command is used to get version information of the firmware running in JC405M-W01.

1.6.1.1 Command format: 56 00 11 00

1.6.1.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 11 00 0B 56 43 30 37 30 33 20 31 2E 30 30 ("VC0706 1.00")

6.6.1.3 Communication protocol:

To get the firmware version, please follow the below operations:



1.6.2 SYSTEM RESET Command

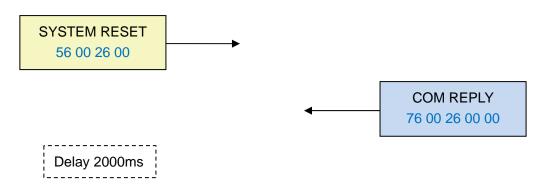
The SYSTEM RESET command is issued by the host in the following case:

♦ There is always no reply after several commands were sent by host.

1.6.2.1 Command format: 56 00 26 00

1.6.2.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 26 00 00

1.6.2.3 Communication protocol:



When the host has received the correct COM REPLY [76 00 26 00 00], after about ten milliseconds, JC405M-W01 is going to restart. About 2s later, JC405M-W01 works normally as usual.

1.6.3 FBUF CTRL command

The FBUF CTRL command is used to stop current frame image data update in frame buffer in order to get current frame still image.

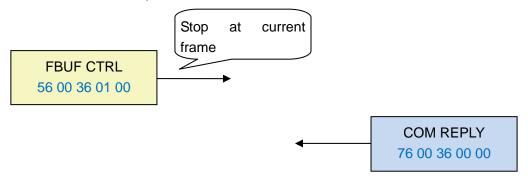
1.6.3.1 Command format: 56 00 36 01 P1 where P1 (one byte) is the control parameter of video frame buffer. Table 4 lists out the definition of P1.

Frame control parameter (P1)	Definition		
00h	Stop frame buffer data update at current frame		
03h Resume normal video state			
Table 4 France control normator			

Table 4 Frame control parameter

1.6.3.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 36 00 00

1.6.3.3 Communication protocol:



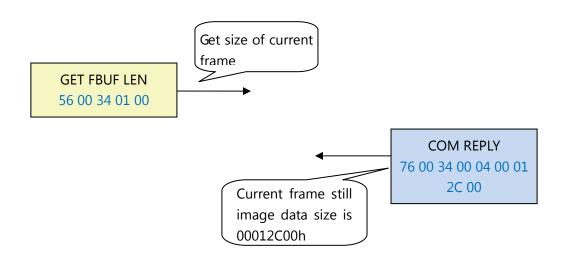
1.6.4 GET FBUF LEN command

The GET FBUF LEN command is used to get size of current frame still image in frame buffer.

1.6.4.1 Command format: 56 00 34 01 00

1.6.4.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 34 00 04 P2 where P2 (4 bytes) is the size of image data which host wants to get.

1.6.4.3 Communication protocol:



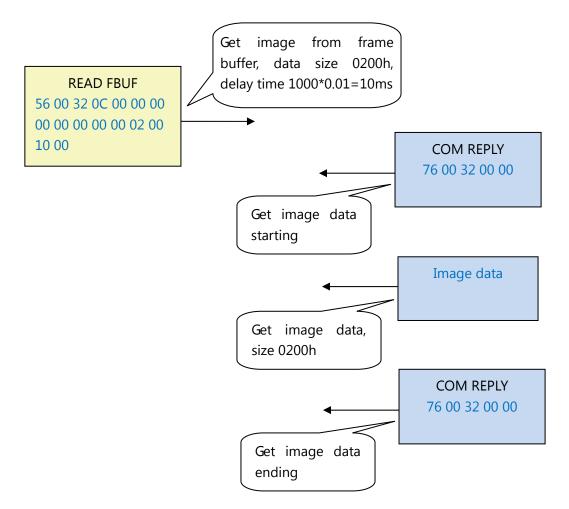
1.6.5 READ FBUF command

The host sends this command to get the image data from frame buffer.

1.6.5.1 Command format: 56 00 32 0C 00 0C 00 00 00 P3 P4 where P3 (4 bytes) informs JC405M-W01 that how many bytes of data the host is going to read. It must be multiple of 4. P4 (2 bytes) represents the delay time between the command and data received from COM REPLY (see 6.6.5.2). The time unit is 0.01 millisecond. For example: P4 = 10 00, delay time is 10 milliseconds.

1.6.5.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 32 00 00 P5 76 00 32 00 00 where P5 (n bytes) is the image data which host wants to get. n is equal to P3 in this case.

1.6.5.3 Communication protocol:



Note: Before sending this command, users should issue GET FBUF LEN command to get the image size first.

1.6.6 SET BAUDRATE command

The host issues this command to set the H-UART baud rate.

1.6.6.1 Command format: 56 00 31 08 04 04 00 0A P6 where P6 (2 bytes) is the

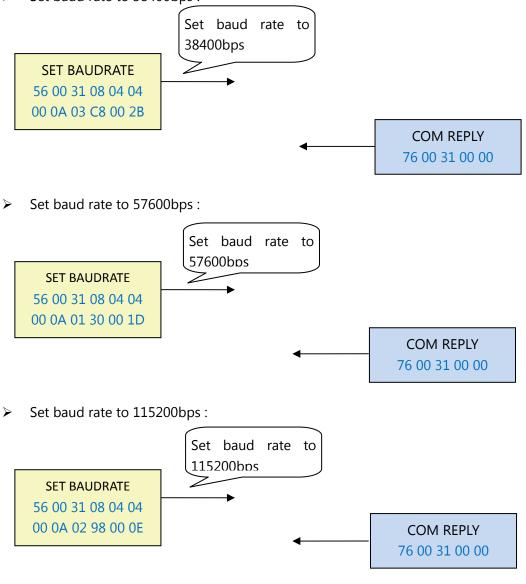
configuration value of H-UART baud rate. The relationship between configuration value and baud rate is shown in Table 5.

Baud rate(bps)	Configuration value
38400	0x03C8 0x002B
57600	0x0130 0x001D
115200	0x0298 0x000E (default)
460800	0x02A6 0x0003

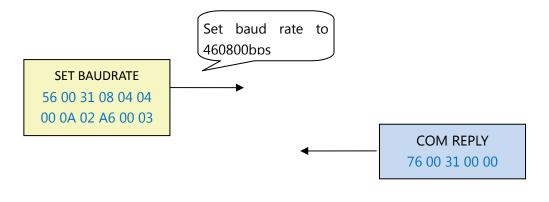
Table 5 Baud rate relationship

1.6.6.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 31 00 00

- 1.6.6.3 Communication protocol:
- Set baud rate to 38400bps :



Set baud rate to 460800bps :



1.6.7 SET SAMPLESIZE command

The host issues this command to set the sample size of image (image resolution).

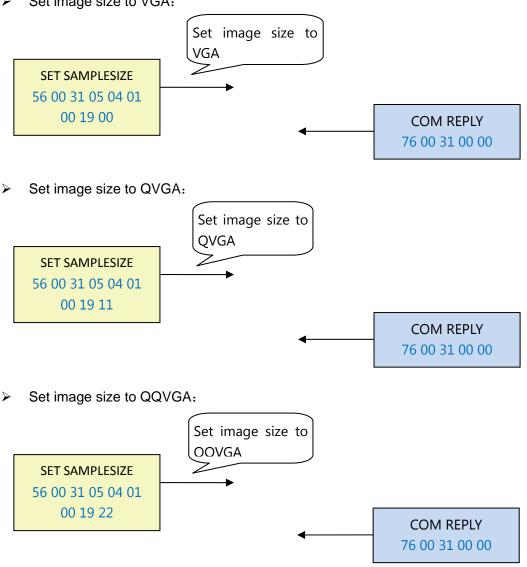
1.6.7.1 Command format: 56 00 31 05 04 01 00 19 P7 where P7 (1 byte) is the configuration value of image sample size. The relationship between configuration value and image resolution is shown in Table 6.

Image resolution	Configuration value
VGA	0x00 (default)
QVGA	0x11
QQVGA(160*120)	0x22

Table 6 image resolution size relationship

1.6.7.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 31 00 00

- 1.6.7.3 Communication protocol:
- \triangleright Set image size to VGA:



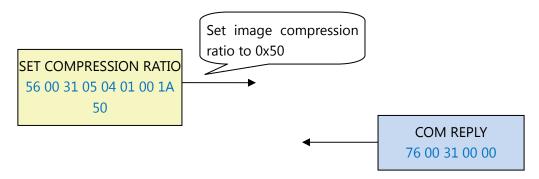
1.6.8 SET COMPRESSRATIO command

The host issues this command to set compressing rate of the image.

1.6.8.1 Command format: 56 00 31 05 04 01 00 1A P8 where P8 (1 byte) is the configuration value of image compression ratio. This compression ratio value is ranged from 0x00 to 0xFF. The bigger the value is, the higher the compression ratio. Default compression ratio is **0x35**.

1.6.8.2 COM REPLY: 76 00 31 00 00

1.6.8.3 Communication protocol:



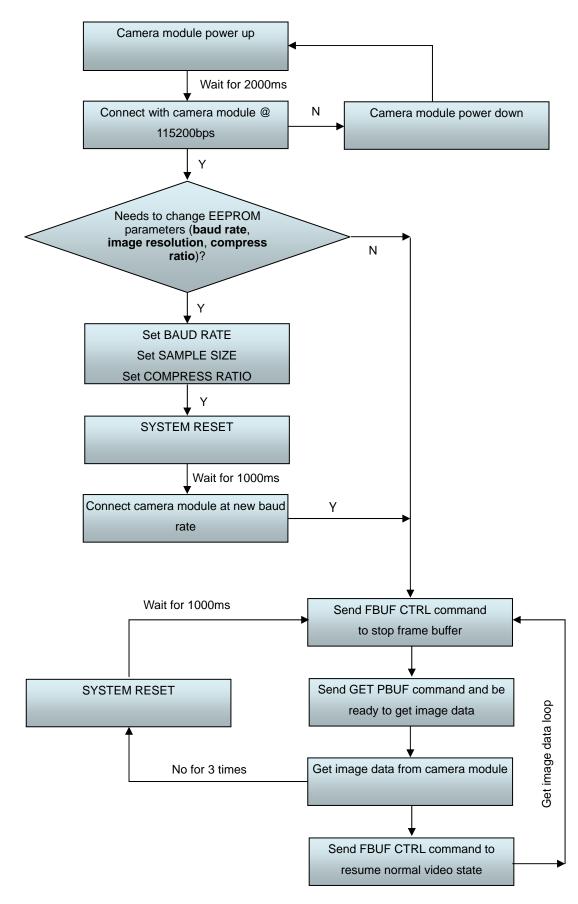
1.6.8 COM REPLY command

The COM REPLY is a HUART command which is sent from JC405M-W01 in order to inform the host whether the command which was just sent is executed well or in order to transmit the data which the host wants to get. About all cases of COM REPLY command please refer to the above commands sections.

NOTE: After the host transfers SET BAUDRATE command, SET SAMPLE SIZE command or SET COMPRESS RATIO command to module, you must switch off and restart module, then all changes will be stored into camera module's built-in EEPROM.

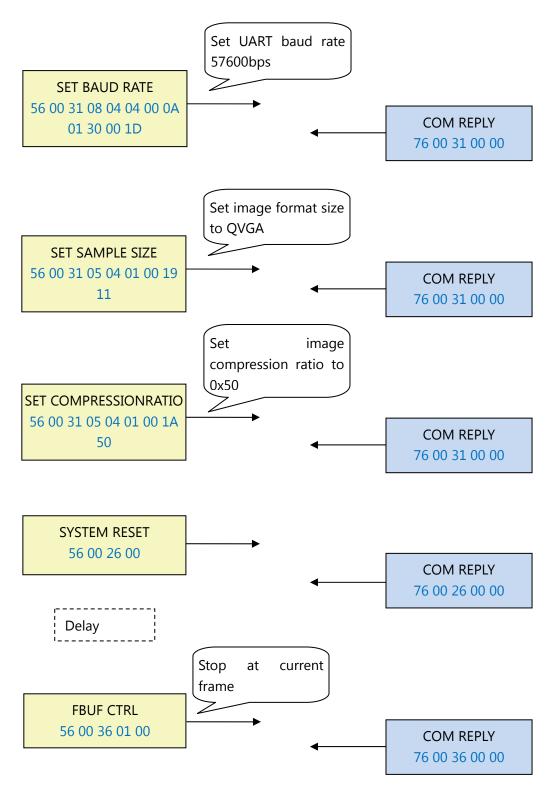
Appendix A – Flow diagram for getting an image

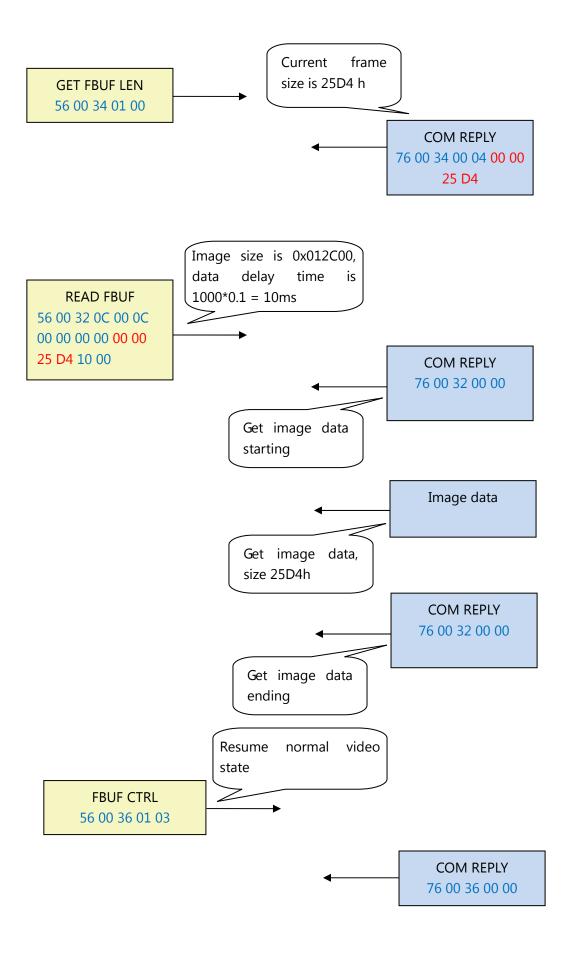
Below is the flow diagram for getting one or more images:



Appendix B: Communication example for getting an image

Below is the example for how to get a QVGA image by HUART @ baud rate 57600bps and higher compression ratio.





The image data we got from JC405M-W01 by performing the above operations is indicated as below:

.....

6F C2 90 8C 99 10 C6 E5 1B A8 AB 76 77 38 22 39 0F 1F C2 69 8C BF 54 6E EC F2 4C 91 0E 7B AD 21 12 5A D9 88 B0 F2 61 9F B7 A0 AB 74 0C 28 A0 42 D1 40 10 5C CE 61 50 42 16 CF E5 51 5D 28 9E 01 2C 64 9C 73 8C FF 00 9E 68 00 CF DA ED 3D 64 5F E7 FF 00 D7 A4 83 FD 22 CD A2 FE 25 E9 FD 29 8C 48 0F 9D 65 24 7F C4 BD 07 EA 29 10 F9 9A 73 8F EE E7 FC 68 00 63 9D 34 7B 1C 7E B5 66 03 8B 64 3E 8B 48 07 02 A7 B5 41 7E D8 83 1E A4 50 22 39 FF 00 77 66 89 DC E2 96 5F DC 59 85 1C 33 53 01 50 0B 7B 6D C7 EF 1A 4B 44 2A 1A 57 3D 68 01 F0 DC 79 AE CB B7 81 D0 D4 F4 80 28 A0 04 A2 80 3F FF FF FF **FF D9**

To verify the correctness of the image data, we can see the data starting at **FF D8** and ending at **FF D9**. It tells us that this is the correct image data. Then follows procedures below, we can get an integral image:

- 1. create a file and name it as XXX.JPG
- 2. put the correct image data into it
- 3. save the file

Performs the above operation, the image is shown as below:

